THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., MONDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1868. VOL. 29.-NO. 115

LAWYERS.

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Attorney at Law,

202 JEFFERSON STREET (up stairs), between Center and Sixth, LOUISVILLE, Ky. Refers by permission to Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., Hughes, Huffman & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Heath, Lewis & Frazer, Attorneys-at-Law, Sproule & McCown, Memphis. de21w

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ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSO

Pike & Johnson,

COUNSELLORS,

SOLICITORS AND ADVOCATES

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS FIRM, ESTABLISHED AT WASHington, (Office, 217 F Street), will attend to all cases that may be entrusted to them, in the Supreme Court of the United States, and Court of Claims; and also to the recovery of claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress and in the Departments.

The senior member has been a practising lawyer for thirty two years, and is a member of the bars of the Supreme Courts of Arkansas, Louisiana and the United States. The junior, bred a lawyer, was long a Representative and Senator in the Congress of the United States, and familiar with the modes of transacting business in the Departments.

The senior, retaining his residence at Memphis, will also, as one of the firm of PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE, attend to cases in the Supreme Courts of Arkansas and Tennessee, and in the United States Courts and Chancery Court at Memphis. nov24 tf

ROBERT J. MORGAN, MILTON P. JARNAGIN, R. DUDLEY FRAYSER.

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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

No. 19 Madison Street (first floor).

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds of the following States for the State of Tennessee:

Alabama,	Indiana,	Maryland,
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Florida,	Kentucky,	Minnesota,
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Kansas,	Maine,	Nebraska,
New York,	Ohio,	Pennsylvania,
Texas,	Virginia,	Wisconsin,

And other States. de20 1m

CHARLES R. CHOATE,

COUNSELOR AT LAW

-AND-

Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the *Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty.* nov12 1m

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, at that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitor

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy8-sep91y

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—I have a Tract of Land, 40 acres, near the Old State Line road, five miles from Memphis, well improved, with a good young Orchard of Peaches, Apples, Pears and Cherries, an extra fine Well of Water, which I will sell for cash. This place is in an excellent neighborhood, near Mr. J. J. Smith and Geo. C. Holmes. Inquire on the premises, or of Normen & Myers, No. 4 Howard's Row.

de8 1m daw ROBT. W. NORMENT.

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornice, stairways and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building 50 by 70 feet, with center projections on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with dormitories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, belfry and dome.

Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the house is to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and the payments to be made according to the reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to the court.

RILEY KINMAN,
dec21 1m Sheriff of Jackson County, Ark.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the German National Bank of Memphis that there will be an Election held at the Banking House on

Tuesday, January 12th, 1869,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., for the purpose of choosing Seven Directors to serve during the ensuing year.

de17 td MARTIN GRIFFIN, Cashier.

Notice.

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the firms of Matthews, Judson & Co., and Judson & Co. to the remaining partners, I am no longer a member thereof. They assume all the indebtedness of said firms, and are alone authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

R. G. MATTHEWS.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 28, 1868.

The business of said firms will continue as heretofore by the undersigned, remaining partners, under the name and style of JUDSON & CO., who assume the liabilities of said firms, and who alone are authorized to collect the indebtedness due the same.

A. B. JUDSON,
T. H. JUDSON,
J. C. ALEXANDER.

Memphis, November 28, 1868.

In retiring from said firms I respectfully recommend them to the patronage of my friends.

nov29 1m R. G. MATTHEWS.

Ledger, Bulletin and Post copy.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

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☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.

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MEMPHIS APPEAL

DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF TENNESSEE.

At Brownsville, June Term, 1868

Taylor, Cole & McLeod vs. Pope.

Sifting from this record the few facts essential to exhibit the principle upon which the rights of these parties turn, they are these:

Pope, a planter in Mississippi, employed Armstrong to take charge of his (Pope's) wagon and cotton on their way to Memphis, and to deliver the cotton to Meacham & Galbreath, merchants at Memphis.

Armstrong took the cotton to Memphis, and in fraud of his duty to Pope, put it into the possession of Taylor, Cole & McLeod, merchants, and employed them to sell it on his (Armstrong's) account, representing to them that he was the owner of the cotton.

Taylor, Cole & McLeod, supposing the cotton to be Armstrong's, and without any notice that it was not, sold it and paid the proceeds to Armstrong, who absconded with the money, and has not since been heard from.

Pope brought this action of trover against Taylor, Cole & McLeod for the conversion of the cotton, and upon the issue of not guilty; and under the instructions of the Court, that upon this state of facts, the defendants were liable to the plaintiff for the value of the cotton, the jury found a verdict against the defendants, and judgment was rendered accordingly.

The counsel of the defendant excepted to the ruling of the Court, and now insists that the law of the case is, or ought to be, that where an agent is entrusted by the owner, with the possession of property of the kind and for the purpose as here, and puts it in the hands of a factor to sell, and the factor sells the same and pays over the proceeds to the agent, and without notice of the fraud of the agent, or of the title of the owner, that in such case the factor is not responsible to the owner in trover for the conversion of the property.

There can be no doubt that the agent in such case cannot make to an innocent purchaser a title to the cotton, as against the owner; nor can he (the agent) cause the title to be put in such purchaser by employing a factor, who follows the business of selling cotton, to make the sale. The agent cannot give to his agent—the factor—anything more effective to such purpose than is possessed by himself. This is elementary law.

The owner of the cotton, in such case, may follow the cotton, into whosesoever's hands it has gone, and been sold or otherwise converted, and recover its value, and it is not defense against the action of the owner, that the party sought to be charged, bought and paid for it in the usual course of trade, without notice that his vendor did not have the right of property in the cotton, or the power to sell it.

Mere possession alone does not vest the agent with power to give the purchaser, however innocent, the right of property against the owner. Nor is it enough so to do, that the owner put the agent into the possession. Something more must be coupled with such possession, to enable the agent to effect a valid sale to the purchaser, against the will or instructions of the owner. That something more exists in the cases where the owner has invested his agent in possession, with an apparent power to sell, or with the title to the property, or with the customary *indicia* of title, which purport that the title or right of property is in the party having the possession. The obvious justice is, that if the owner has put the agent in possession, and has by acts of any kind held out the agent as having authority to sell, or has given the agent the means of holding himself out as the owner; in such cases the purchaser, who has been thereby misled; and been induced by reason of such apparent authority or *indicia* of title, to part with his money for the property, without notice of the real fact that the agent has no authority to sell, or that the seller in possession is not the real owner, upon plain principles of natural justice, is entitled to hold the property against the owner. The fault is of the owner, that he has furnished the agent with an apparent power to sell, or with an apparent title which imports a right to sell. The owner is repelled from recovery, upon the principle of what is usually designated an estoppel in *pais*—[20 Wend., Saltus vs. Everett; 22 *ib.* Hoffman vs. Carow; 10 Ala. 682; 18 *ib.* 716; 11 Wend., 80.

A familiar illustration of the apparent power to sell, which will enable the fraudulent agent in possession to confer a good title upon an innocent purchaser, against the instructions or will of the owner, and in fraud of the owner, may be found in the usual dealings between the owners of merchandise and of selling factors. The factor to sell follows the business or occupation of selling the merchandise of others. In this character he holds himself out to the world. Merchandise put into his hands, is understood by the public as so put into his hands for the purpose of sale, and the public have the right so to presume. The owner of merchandise, putting it into the hands of such factor, holds the factor out to the public, in respect of such merchandise, as having the possession in the way of his occupation, and for the purpose of sale or disposition in the ordinary course of his occupation. Whoever deals with such factor, in the regular course of his occupation, and in good faith, may rightfully presume that the factor has authority so to deal. And this, upon the principle that the owner has not only given the possession to the factor, but has also bestowed upon him an apparent authority to sell.

A distinction, however, exists, which may be proper to state, and which will illustrate this doctrine. It was made by this court many years ago, in the case of Hull vs. Walker. The case was, Goodman & Means were merchants in Memphis and followed two kinds of business with regard to cotton—one as factors to sell, the other as storage factors—that is, they received and held cotton for planters on storage for shipment, as was customary at that day, to New Orleans and elsewhere. Hull, a planter in Mississippi, sent his cotton to Goodman & Means, for storage only until ordered to ship, and not for sale. Being in stress for money, Goodman & Means sold the cotton to Walker, who bought in the usual course of trade, and paid the full value, and without notice of the want of authority of Goodman & Means to sell. Hull brought an action of trover against Walker for the conversion of the cotton to his use. The case came to this Court on appeal, and it was here held that Walker was liable. The cotton was placed by Hull with Goodman & Means on storage, and for that reason their sale to Walker gave him no title. Had they followed the business only of selling factors, and the cotton been put in their hands by Hull, not for sale, it may be presumed that a sale made by them to Walker, without notice to him of the instructions to them not to sell, would have carried the title to Walker against Hull. And this because, in such case, Hull not only put the cotton in the possession of Goodman & Means, but by so doing held them out to the public as having authority to sell it. Another class of cases may be mentioned, where an agent, without actual authority to sell, is nevertheless able to make a good title to a purchaser, for value, without notice. Cases of this kind are, where the agent has not only possession, but is further clothed with the apparent title, or furnished with the ordinary *indicia* of title, by the owner. Thus, when upon a shipment of goods the owner consigns them to his agent, and takes and forwards to the agent a bill of lading to him as consignee of the goods, such bill of lading indicates, and is evidence of ownership of the goods by the consignee; and, persons buying from such consignee in good faith, and in the usual course of business, and for value, obtain the title against the owner, although the consignee was really as between himself and the owner, no more than an agent, and without authority to sell. In this latter class may be placed the cases where an agent having possession of negotiable paper, and by means of the endorsements or otherwise, on the paper, has the apparent legal title, but without any actual authority from the owner to sell, or dispose of the paper. The agent in such case transfers the paper to a purchaser, in good faith, in due course of trade, and for value. Such purchaser having thus the legal title, is allowed to hold the paper against the true owner, although the agent who transferred the paper, did so without authority, and in fraud of the owner. It is not the possession only which enables the agent to make an effective transfer to the purchaser in such case, but it is the possession clothed with the apparent title. Promissory notes payable to bearer, bank notes, money, stand on the same rule. The bearer has the apparent title. Thus it is that not possession alone, but possession coupled with the apparent title, will enable a fraudulent agent to make a good title against the owner, to a purchaser for value and in good faith.

The general rule in respect to personal property is, that a person cannot transfer to another a higher title or greater interest than he has himself. But if the owner gives possession to another, and also an apparent authority to sell, or an apparent right of property or title, it will be fraud upon a purchaser from the latter, for the owner to deny to the purchaser the right of such other to make the sale. Negotiable paper, such as bills of exchange, promissory notes, bank checks, may stand upon another ground, similar to that which applies to real estate, and which protects an innocent purchaser; the legal title coupled with an equal equity.

It may, therefore, be taken to be the settled law, that an agent has not, by virtue of possession merely, the power to give to a purchaser, from him the title against the owner.

Nor is there any sound principle on which to maintain, that the mere possession of an agent, without any authority to sell actual or apparent, from the owner, and without any apparent title conferred on him by the owner, will enable such agent to confer upon his agent, a power to sell and defeat the title of the owner. The owner not having given his agent any authority to sell apparent or actual, and not having clothed him with any title apparent or actual, it is impossible to impute to the owner any fraud wherefore to repel him of the right to assert his title, or upon which to raise against him, any bar in the nature of an estoppel *in pais*.

The case Saltus vs. Everett, reported in 20 Wend. Reports, page—, is satisfactory authority for this. That case was: Bridge and Vose, at New Orleans, shipped a quantity of lead from New Orleans to New York, by the brig Dove, of which Collins was master, consigned to Tafts, Everett and Barret at New York, on account of Everett. The Dove put into Norfolk in distress, and Collins reshipped the lead upon the schooner the Dusty Miller to New York, taking from the master of the Dusty Miller a bill of lading in which Collins was consignee. Upon the arrival of the lead in New York, Collins ordered the lead to be delivered to Coffin & Cartwright, who afterwards sold it to Saltus. Neither Coffin & Cartwright nor Saltus had any notice of Everett's title. Everett demanded the lead from Saltus, who refused to deliver it up, and thereupon Everett sued Saltus in trover, and had verdict and judgment. The case was thoroughly considered in the Supreme Court of New York, and also in the Court of Errors, and the right of Everett to recover from Saltus was established. See also, Williams and Chapin vs. Merle, 11 Wend. 80.

Sales made by fraudulent vendees, of personal property, stand on ground somewhat other than, and somewhat similar to, unauthorized sales made by agents. When a sale is procured to be made by the fraud of the vendee, such sale is voidable at the option of the defrauded vendor. If before the vendor exercises his option, and avoids the sale, the fraudulent vendee sell the goods to a purchaser, for value, and in the due course of trade, and without notice of the fraud practiced on the original vendor, such purchaser will obtain a good title against the original vendor. The ground upon which the innocent purchaser is enabled to stand, is, that the original vendor invested his fraudulent vendee, with the title or right of property in the goods. Thus the fraudulent vendee, having the title and possession of the goods, comes within the principles before stated in respect of unauthorized sales by agents, an apparent right of property, coupled with possession and given by the defrauded vendor. [Saltus vs. Everett, 20 Wend.; Hoffman vs. Carow, 22 Wend., 284; Anderson vs. Dietriecht, 14 Wend. 31; Morgan vs. Evandale, 5 Sneed 703; Gage, Dater & Massey vs. Apperson, 2 Head 660.

In the case in hand Armstrong, the agent of Pope, put the cotton in the hands of Taylor, Cole & McLeod to sell for him, and they sold the cotton for him, and paid the money over to him, and all this innocent of any purpose of wrong to Pope, and without notice that Pope had any interest in the cotton. And counsel for Taylor, Cole & McLeod insist that upon such state of facts, they are not liable to Pope for the conversion of the cotton. The point is clear of doubt. The relation of Armstrong to Taylor, Cole & McLeod, was that of principal and agent, as between themselves. The act of the principal which would be a tort as against another, is likewise a tort as against that other, where done by the agent at the instance of his principal, and is the tort of the agent. The principal cannot confer upon the agent authority to commit a tort upon the property of another. It matters nothing, however innocent in intention the agent may be who commits the tort. The tort does not consist in the intention of the wrong doer, but in the damage done to the injured party; nor does the liability of the party committing the tort, depend upon his intention, but upon the unauthorized injury done to the party injured. Sto., Agency, ss. 309, 311, 312.

The case of Lee vs Mathews, 10 Ala., 682, was: where the defendant, an agent, who had bought for his principal, from one having no authority to sell, the slaves of the plaintiff, was held liable to the latter in trover, although the agent had no notice of the title of the plaintiff, and held possession of the slaves for a short time only, and had delivered the slaves up to his principal, long before the action was brought.

Pratt vs. Kelly, 18 Ala., 716, was: where the defendant, as agent of another, sold the slaves of the plaintiff. The defendant was held liable in trover, though he sold as agent for another, and had no notice of the plaintiff's right.

Hoffman vs. Carow, 22 Wend., 284, stands on ground somewhat different from the cases taken from the Alabama Reports. Hoffman was an auctioneer in New York, and in the regular course of his business, received for sale a quantity of merchandise, which had been stolen from the owner. Hoffman sold the goods, and paid over the proceeds to the thief, and without any notice that they were stolen. Hoffman was held liable for the value to the owner Carow. The same line of argument was pressed upon the Courts of New York in behalf of Hoffman. Another class of cases may be mentioned, where an agent, without actual authority to sell, is nevertheless able to make a good title to a purchaser, for value, without notice. Cases of this kind are, where the agent has not only possession, but is further clothed with the apparent title, or furnished with the ordinary *indicia* of title, by the owner. Thus, when upon a shipment of goods the owner consigns them to his agent, and takes and forwards to the agent a bill of lading to him as consignee of the goods, such bill of lading indicates, and is evidence of ownership of the goods by the consignee; and, persons buying from such consignee in good faith, and in the usual course of business, unwise to depart from the settled rule of common law, in respect to transactions of the kind in controversy. And we are unable to see good reason, why the law of this State should be displaced from the same settled foundations of the common law.

It is proper to mention that the conclusion reached in this case has been upon the view of the facts, given in the proof, most favorable to the claim of Taylor, Cole & McLeod. Armstrong has been dealt with, as if he were the agent of Pope to carry the cotton to Memphis, and as if he had been put in possession of the cotton by Pope; whereas it may fairly be taken as the effect of all the proofs, that the cotton was not put in Armstrong's possession by Pope, and that no authority whatsoever was given to Armstrong by Pope, over the cotton. It has been, however, more convenient, to deal with the argument of counsel for Taylor, Cole & McLeod, to put their case upon the highest ground assumed by them.

The principles embraced in this opinion are not thought to be of any novelty in the jurisprudence of Tennessee, and we should not have felt disposed to enlarge upon them at the length as done, but for the earnestness and force with which the adverse views, of the eminent counsel of Taylor, Cole & McLeod, were pressed upon the court.

What is said above in respect of the case of Pope, disposes of the main question raised in the case of Strong and disposes of that question against Taylor, Cole & McLeod.

The further errors alleged of Strong's case, are not well taken, with one exception. It was no error to allow the charge of plaintiff in this case.

Nor was it an error to refuse to dismiss the case, on motion of defendant's counsel in the Court below. We are of the opinion that the enlargement of the jurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace in cases of this kind, to the extent of $250, by the act of May 26, 1866, chapter 51, did not operate to abridge the jurisdiction before had by the Circuit Court, in this class of actions.

But it was error to charge the jury, that if Armstrong took possession of the bagging and rope, without authority of Strong, or received it in any manner except by purchase from Strong, and sold it as his own property, it was a felonious act on the part of Armstrong; and the purchase of the bagging and rope by them, and withholding it as their own, was a conversion, for which they were liable to Pope. It may be all true that Armstrong did not purcase the bagging and rope from Strong, and had no authority from Strong to sell it, and sold it as his own property, and yet without being guilty of felony in so doing. The felonious intent may have been wanting, which is essential to constitute crime.

For this cause, reverse the judgment in the case of Strong, and order a new trial, and for the reasons assigned in this opinion, affirm the judgment in the case of Pope.

HENRY G. SMITH, Judge.

STATE ITEMS.

A KILKENNY CAT FRACAS.

From the Knoxville Press.]

We yield the palm to the Knoxville *Whig*, this morning, in the line of "enterprise." We are fairly outdone. In its issue of yesterday, the following announcement appears:

TRAGEDY IN MEIGS COUNTY.—We heard rumors in town on Monday, of a dreadful tragedy that has been enacted in Meigs county. An officer had summoned three other men to assist him in arresting a man for some offense, the nature of which we did not learn. On arriving at the place where the man lived, they found him in company with three other men, all armed, who commenced firing upon the arresting party. The fire was returned, and did not cease until a number on both sides were killed or wounded. Rumor has it that six of the party were killed and the other two mortally wounded, though we hope the story is exaggerated and that the result was not so fatal. Frank Smith, a citizen of this county, who was on a visit there, is reported as one of the party and said to have been killed.

Now, that's fighting in accordance with the spirit of the age. Eight men engaged—*six* of them killed and *the other two* mortally wounded! That beats Crowell's yarn about Ed. Lyons being "died to a tree" all hollow.

From the Nashville Banner.]

THE JANUARY INTEREST.

Col. G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of State, left the city last evening for New York, to complete arrangements for the payment of the interest due on the State debt the first day of next month. He informs us that the interest to be paid amounts to about $900,000. The railroads will have paid, by the first of January, to the credit of the State at New York city, in cash and coupons, the amount of $450,000. About two-thirds of this amount has already been paid, and is at the disposal of the Comptroller.

There is on deposit in New York, in favor of the State, $130,812 82. This sum has been lying there for some time past.

The Comptroller will take with him, in drafts and checks, $160,000. The total of the amounts named is $740,000, which substracted from the $900,000, the interest to be paid, leaves the sum of $159,-187 18 to be provided for. Mr. Blackburn says he will borrow the least possible amount necessary to pay off the interest on six months time, although it will not be allowed to run that long. To show the present condition of the Treasury and the ability of the State to cancel its indebtedness as it may hereafter fall due, we give the following statement, drawn from official sources:

On the first of last November, Comptroller Blackburn borrowed of the First National Bank, of New York, the sum of $400,000 with which to pay off the July interest, the same to be paid by the first of January, 1869. He commenced to cancel this debt on the fifth of November, and by the thirtieth of the same month he had paid the whole amount of $400,-000. This was done, too, without any serious drain upon the Treasury, for, during the whole time, and up to the present moment, there was not any hour in which the Treasury was without sufficient funds to pay the running expenses of the State and all other bills which were presented. In fact, the State exchequer has not at any time during that period been empty.

The July interest has been paid long ago.

The defeat of the "Omnibus Bill" has given confidence in the ability of the State to pay all of its indebtedness, and has rendered the prompt payment of the interest which may hereafter accrue on her bonds comparatively certain. With as thoroughly honest and prudent a man as Comptroller Blackburn in charge of the State credit, we need have no fears for the future—*unless* the General Assembly should see fit to persist in the policy of reckless expenditure which has hitherto characterized its legislation.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

The Gallatin *Examiner* gives the following account of an attempt made upon the life of a young man named Johnson, recently from Texas: "He had come on a visit, and was at the house of Mr. Kirkpatrick, and was called out to the front gate by some person unknown, after night. He went out and came up to a horseman, and approached very close. While leaning upon the neck of the horse he was fired at by the rider, the ball passing through his hat downwards on his neck and back without harm. The assassin turned his horse and fled, firing two more shots at Johnson, who snapped his pistol at him. Who the person was is not certainly known."

FATAL NEGRO AFFRAY.

Two colored men, Rice Wooten and Alexander Gleaves, members of a hook and ladder company in Nashville, got into a fight in the engine house and the former was shot through the heart. Gleaves acted entirely in self-defense, and the Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide.

BY TELEGRAPH

[FROM OUR SUNDAY'S EDITION.]

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 26.—A desperate fight between negroes and Germans occurred in a ball room on Christmas eve. At the commencement of the trouble the lights were put out, and the greater part of the fight took place in the dark. Five persons were injured, and nine negroes were arrested.

The *Herald* says the question of the proposed Indian debt will go over to the next Congress.

A Lynn special to the *News* says: A fire broke out in the Lyceum Hall about midnight and extended to Frazer's building and Borbin's new block, which were totally destroyed. The fire is now under control, and the loss will not be as great as was thought before the arrival of the Boston engines, and will not probably exceed $300,000.

A break occurred this evening in the main gas pipe on Bowery, in front of the Olympic. The escaping gas forced its way through the ground under the theater, and was first discovered in the ticket office. An officer was sent below with a light, when on entering the vault the gas ignited, burning him severely. The gas continued burning during the performance of the play, without the audience, however, being aware of the circumstance, and every precaution was taken to guard against a panic.

NEW YORK, December 26.—The *Herald's* New Orleans special says: An inspection of the Peruvian monitors resulted in the Board reporting that they were unfit for sea. They will sail next week for Pensacola for repairs, before taking their final departure. If the report is true, the Peruvian Government has been badly swindled in the sale, and a month may intervene before they sail for Peru.

FOREIGN.

ATHENS, December 26.—The Greek Chambers have acceded to the demand for the approval of an extraordinary credit to the amount of one hundred million drachmas; also for the extraordinary levies of men for the army and navy as called for by the Government, and reported in the cable dispatch of 23d inst.

LONDON, December 26.—The *Times* publishes a letter from Mr. Dilkerson, an eminent journalist, denouncing the violence by the British at Young-Chow, China. Dilkerson says such acts will be more dangerous to peace between Great Britain and the United States than the Alabama claims. The *Times* agrees with Dilkerson, and pronounces the outrage a violation of the existing treaties, and justly offensive to the Chinese Government.

Reverdy Johnson has received a deputation from artizans desirous of founding a colony in Nebraska. Johnson encouraged them.

A dispatch from Athens states that two Turkish ships have been placed on the coast of Corigo to prevent the departure of Greeks for Crete.

A dispatch from Athens, 24th Dec., says that the Grecian Chamber has voted the money asked for by the Government. The Chamber has also granted the Government full power to raise more, if need be, and has made extraordinary levies of men for the army and navy.

The *Times* this morning has another long editorial on the subject of the Alabama claims. The people of both England and America, the *Times* says, are uneasy in regard to the relations which are to exist in future between the two nations. This uneasiness arises from the true state of negotiations pending on the Alabama question. The *Times* believes that Mr. Seward himself obstructs the true sentiment, but believes the question will be finally adjusted under the incoming administration of Grant.

Reverdy Johnson is not likely to be removed by the new administration but will be permitted to remain and complete the work already begun. If Seward seeks the delay of this important question he removes but the basis of the protocol already agreed upon by Lord Stanley and Mr. Johnson, which must remain fixed, and will sooner or later command the consent of both countries.

The case of Rogers was undecided. A project of amnesty had been presented in Congress, and was under discussion. The Journals generally, and also Gen. Palaccio, advocate clemency.

MADRID, December 26.—It is said that Russia urges the United States to take part in the Turkey and Greece difficulty.

MARSEILLES, December 26.—After the allies failed at Vellita, the Brasilian iron clads attacked the place and failed.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, December 26.—The city was much excited yesterday by the reported success of the revolutionists. It is thought the reports are started to cause an outbreak in the city, but everything is quiet.

Advices from Mexico state that 2000 laborers were engaged in constructing the Vera Cruz Railroad.

Gen. Cauto had been sent to Duerango. Gen. Duerango was operating against Escobedo.

Petitions had been sent to Congress asking for the abolition of the death penalty, for the creation of a Bank of Hypocathes, and for the construction of a railroad from the capital, Oxia, to the Pacific Ocean.

The financial and commercial condition of the republic was critical. Congress has approved the project of allowing free export of minerals. A subvention of fifteen dollars per ton is to be granted as assets constructional in the republic. Preparations for working petroleum have commenced in Oxcis.

The formation of New Leon into colonies had been conceded by Congress. The question of forming the new State of Hidalgo was under discussion. Also a proposition to export gold and silver bars under the same duty as coined money. Congress had organized a grand jury to try Mejia and Romero. Mejia was found not guilty.

Advices from Hayti state that Jacmel continued closely besieged on the 9th inst. The garrison had repulsed the pickets. Both parties sustained heavy losses. Salnave's men-of-war have about left the coast. The revolutionists are confident of fortifying the interior.

Advices from Venezuela state that Gens. Domingo and Ruperto, nephews of Monag, son of the deceased President Monag, are candidates for the Presidency. The country was tranquil.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, December 26.—The Supreme Court has decided that the enactment of the liquor license law last winter did not repeal the law known as the liquor nuisance act, or the sixth section of the eighty-seventh chapter of general laws, which is as follows: "All buildings, places, or tenements, repaired to for prostitution, lewdness or illegal gambling, or used for the sale of intoxicating liquors, shall be deemed common nuisances." The law, it is well known, allows the prosecution of both the occupant of and the owner of the building accused. The decision is quite a surprise, and an unpleasant one, to many parties who have been complained of under the act, and whose cases have awaited this decision.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, December 26.—Inspector General Ayres, of Gen. Rousseau's staff, left yesterday for the disturbed portions of Arkansas, under orders to examine into the condition of affairs and report the same.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, December 26.—Mrs. Augustus N. Dickens, widow of Augustus N. Dickens, a brother of Charles Dickens, the celebrated novelist, committed suicide yesterday at No. 568 North Clark street, by taking an overdose of morphine. She leaves three children. She has suffered much of late from poverty, being dependent almost entirely upon her friends for the necessaries of life.

The acrimonious controversy growing out of the conduct of her distinguished brother-in-law, Charles Dickens, toward Mrs. Dickens on the occasion of his visit to this country, will be remembered by all.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 26.—It has been raining throughout the State for the last three days. For the twenty-four hours ending at eight o'clock a. m., the rain guage shows one and a half inches.

The first and second mates of the ship Santee were to-day sentenced to the State prison—the first, two years, and the second, one year—for inhuman treatment of two apprentice boys, during a voyage from New York.

The steamer Colorado, from Panama, which arrived yesterday, reports another rich strike, equal, if not superior, to the famous Eberhardt mine, in the White Pine District, Nevada, estimated to be worth fifteen hundred dollars per ton.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 26.—The fractional currency printed during the week amounted to $455,000; shipments, $326,289; National Bank currency issued, $94,810; amount in circulation, $299,767,-044; fractional currency destroyed, $290,184.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, December 26.—Gabriel Martin and his two maiden sisters, residing in Columbia county, were murdered and robbed on Thursday night—their house set on fire and the bodies consumed. Suspicion is said to rest on some negroes residing in the neigborhood, as the perpetrators of the deed.

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

de8 6m

CONFECTIONERIES.

CHRISTMAS, 1868.

To the City and Country!

JUST RECEIVED—A large stock of Christmas Goods, comprising

PRESERVES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOYS, FIRE WORKS.

And all the Luxuries and Delicacies in the Confectionery line.

PURE CANDIES,

In Endless Variety.

Pastries, Etc.

☞ SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

L. ROCCO,
249 Main Street,
dec11 1m Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

UNDERTAKERS.

B. MCCAFFREY. W. E. CORNELIUS

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

-AND-

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

NORFOLK, VA.

JOHN S. DANCY, Tarboro, N. C.
T. R. HYMAN, Late of New York.
F. M. HYMAN, Late of Warrenton, N. C.

HYMANS & DANCY,

General Commission Mercha'ts

No. 47 Wide Water Street,

(Rear of Custom House), - NORFOLK, VA.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 24 Exchange Place, New York.

REFERENCES.—M. J. Wicks, President M. and C. R. R.; W. C. McClure, Cashier Savings Bank of Memphis; Dr. C. W. Malone, Memphis.

☞ Cotton sold in Norfolk or New York, at option of owner. ONLY ONE COMMISSION CHARGED. de8 6m

WM. A. PRINCE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

-AND-

General Commission Merchants,

25 and 27 Commerce Street.

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to us, or our New York or Liverpool houses. sep15 6m

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,

800 BARRELS

YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,

AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.

oct11-au14 6m daw

M. MACEVNEY, Late of A. Vaccaro & Co.
J. W. ROGAN, Late of A. J. Roach & Co.

MACEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.

320 FRONT STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

GROCERIES.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

No. 266 Front Street,

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE, one of the largest and best selected stocks of Goods in their line to be found in the market, and which they are prepared to sell to the trade and all close cash customers on as favorable terms as can be had (transportation added) in St. Louis, Cincinnati or Louisville. Our stock, as above, consists in part of—

400 barrels assorted brands Flour, including "Minnesotian Star," "R. E. Lee," and Baker's Best."
400 kegs Leaf Lard,
200 cases Fairbanks, Peck & Co.'s Pressed Lard,
50 barrels Mess Pork,
20 casks Bulk Sides and Shoulders,
10 hhds. Fair to Choice Louisiana Sugar,
50 barrels Crushed and Powdered Sugars,
50 " Coffee A Sugar,
300 kits Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel,
25 half barrels Mackerel,
200 pkgs. Candles,
200 cases Cove Oysters,
70 cases Sardines,
25 barrels Rectified Whisky,
50 " Bourbon, Rye and Robinson County Whiskies,
20 barrels Tennessee White Whisky,
50 caddies Tobacco—various brands,
25 boxes Tobacco—various brands,
150 sacks Coffee—fair to choice,
30 pockets Old Government Java Coffee,
100 pkgs. Raisins,
200 boxes F. D. and W. R. Cheese,
100 cases Fresh Tomatoes,
200 cases Assorted Fruits,
50 boxes Soda,
100 boxes Olive and Pail Soap,
50 boxes Erasive Soap,
25 cases Telegraph Matches,
100 pieces "Eagle" Bagging,
800 bundles Iron Ties,
40 dozen Brooms,
100 kegs New Molasses,
25 barrels Choice Molasses,
20 chests Fine Imperial Tea,
50 dozen Washboards,
25 dozen Sieves,
150 Kegs Nails—assorted, etc., etc., etc.

We ask an examination of Stock and prices, and are prepared to offer such inducements as cannot fail to meet the views of buyers.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
de20 1w 266 Front Street.

Spicer & Sharpe,

354 MAIN STREET,

MAGEVNEY BLOCK.

ARE RECEIVING BY EVERY PACKET and by Rail, fresh additions to their large stock of Choice Groceries.

Davis' New Star Breakfast Bacon,
Davis' New Star Hams,
Davis' Beef Tongues
New Figs and Raisins,
Choice Teas,
Pure Spices.

CHOICE FLOUR AT LOW PRICES.

Our goods are fresh and carefully selected. Families will find all they want. We will suit you in prices and goods.

de20 tf SPICER & SHARPE

NEW YORK.

DEAN, McGINNIS & CO.,

No. 4 Broad Street, New York,

Bankers & Commission Merchants,

S. SCHIFFER & NEPHEWS,

*39

TO THE PUBLIC

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one-sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates.
Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 12½ cents per line per month.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

MONDAY MORNING, DEC. 28, 1868

AN APPROPRIATE NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.

City readers of the APPEAL who desire to make an appreciable New Year's present, cannot do better than subscribe for the DAILY or the WEEKLY APPEAL for the year 1869, and have it forwarded to one or more country friends. Many a one will spend twenty and forty dollars on nick-knacks of little utility and, that after a few weeks have worn their novelty, will be all but forgotten by the possessor. A newspaper like the APPEAL would be an ever-present reminder of friendship, and be a means of delight, of pleasure and of profit to the presentee. Our merchants, especially, who desire to be had in remembrance by country customers, cannot spend money to better advantage than by subscribing for a dozen or more Weekly APPEALS for them. Such a "lay-out" will prove bread upon the waters.

MEMPHIS AS A MARKET.

We desire to impress upon the readers of the APPEAL abroad that Memphis offers superior advantages as a market for cotton. On Saturday, at the close of the day, Middling cotton was rated from 23½ to 23¾ cents on our market, while the outside figure in New Orleans, as given by telegraph, was 23 cents; in Louisville, 22 cents; in Cincinnati, 23½ cents, and in New York, 25 cents. These figures ought to convince planters and small dealers in the country that it is to their interest to ship and sell their cotton in Memphis in preference to any of these points.

If we take New York (the most favored of the above markets) as an example, it will be found that the advantages are largely with Memphis. By the most safe and expeditious, as well as cheapest modes of land carriage, it costs 1 3-10 cents per pound to put cotton from this point on the wharves of that city; this amount, deducted from 25 cents per lb., the ruling rate, would leave the shipper on his own account just what, without the trouble and loss of time between this and that point, he would receive here. But if to this 1 3-10 cents we add insurance and handling, it will be seen that even New York cannot hold out to cotton growers inducements within ¼ to ½ cent on the pound equal to those of the Memphis market. The same reasoning will hold good as to Cincinnati. New Orleans and Louisville are so far behind as like "distanced horses in a race," to be out of the question. This is worth thinking of and remembering.

THE particular attention of merchants, those engaged in the commission business especially, is directed to the decision of Judge HENRY G. SMITH, which we reproduce this morning for their benefit. It is all important that merchants should know just what risks they may incur in the course of their business operations; how far they are responsible before the law, and what the nature and character of their obligations are when dealing with agents or persons who, usually representing other parties, assume to sell on their own account. This decision of Judge SMITH will post them on all these points, and make them fully as intelligent as the law and the Supreme Court of our State, or that of the great commercial State of New York. We commend it to a careful reading by all commercial men. The knowledge it will impart may save much trouble in the future, and a great deal of litigation.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of the 26th says the President's proclamation of general amnesty is one of the leading subjects of discussion there, and a variety of opinions have been expressed in reference to it. It is held by some that the proclamation is merely oratorical; that it can have no possible effect on the course of events connected with the rebels now under indictment, and that the Supreme Court must settle all questions which the proclamation assumes to decide. Others say that the general amnesty ought to have been declared last July; and that it is a dead letter at any rate; that the question of treason would be settled by the DAVIS trial, if it ever occurred, and that no other cases would have arisen in any event. Some of the lawyers believe the President has no right to pardon persons awaiting trial, while others affirm (among them Chief Justice CHASE,) that if the President has a right to pardon after conviction and while undergoing sentence, he also has a right to pardon before trial. Mr. MCCREERY, of Kentucky, said to-day that Gen. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE would return to that State at once from his exile.

A recent extensive examination into the character of goods sold at a large number of grocery stores in New York city, discloses, besides short weight, adulterations of the following character: Ground Java Coffee contained roasted bread crumbs, peas and rye, chicory, burnt sugar and coffee essence. Ground Cinnamon was adulterated with tapioca, ground mace with pulverized crackers, ground cloves with spices of all kinds, from which the essential oil had been extracted. Tea contained willow leaves, genuine broken leaves agglutinated by some artifice, damaged leaves and tea dust. The green tea was colored with a powder supposed to be Prussian blue, and the sugar was moistened with water to the extent of 10 per cent.

WE learn, says the *West Tennessee Whig* of Saturday, that W. S. WISDOM, Esq., of Purdy, has filed a petition for a *mandamus* to compel the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company to receive, as payment for freight and passage, the scrip of the road, voted by the counties of Madison and Gibson before the war. The amount of this scrip outstanding is estimated at $500,000.

THE RAILROAD RING AGAIN.

The Railroad Ring that recently threatened Memphis with all sorts of "cut offs," and the most dire consequences should her citizens refuse to participate in their scheme of wresting the Mississippi River Railroad from the hands of its patentees, have turned up in New Orleans in the same role, and are throwing at the people of that city all the "reasons" why they should enjoy an undisturbed monopoly of travel and traffic between the North and the South, so familiar to the readers of the APPEAL. The New Orleans *Picayune* is good authority in this matter and we append what it had to say about it on Christmas morning, as follows:

It is insisted that the route now existing through the Mississippi Central with Jackson, Tennessee, and which is to be prolonged to Huntington, there to connect with a Nashville route, will suffice for a connection with the capital of Tennessee, being only five miles further, as it is asserted, than the route proposed; *and as to shortening the route eastward by way of Decatur some eighty-three miles, that this will be of no advantage in through travel, because the connections aimed at by the lessees of the Mississippi Central and the final absorption by them of the stock of that road and of all its connecting lines, which we are privately assured they meditate, will render this unnecessary.*

Then we, of New Orleans, are told that if we undertake to aid in the completion of the original route of the Jackson and Great Northern Road, these lessees will strive to get the state of Mississippi to aid them to continue the Central Road to Mississippi City and Ship Island, putting in all its stock in the Jackson, and perhaps other roads, and that thereby a great commercial rival will be raised up to our detriment. The City and the Jackson Road directory are advised to use all their means solely to "foster her (the railroads,) present valuable and efficient connections; thereby preserving her relations of amity and co-operation with them. Should she not, asks the Water Valley *Eagle*, rather go to work and expend her surplus cash in making better preparations to perform more promptly and efficiently the business now offering, and preserve her present kind relations with her more direct extension northward, so as to prevent a revival of that old and favorite project of the State of Mississippi to extend the Mississippi Central Road from Canton to Mississippi City.

The italics in the above will attract attention. It will be seen on careful reading, that whereas the "Ring" here contended for the shortest route, in New Orleans they were opposed to it, and are preparing to carry their points by an absorption of all the stock of the Central, and of all its connecting links, the Mississippi and Tennessee, we presume, included.

IN the Court of Common Pleas at Baltimore a case was tried on the following statement of facts: In 1865 J. R. STEWART gave a note, signed by himself for $500, payable to the order of S. T. CROMWELL. On the back of the note were signed the names of WILLIAM LAWS and ELI HENCKLE, at the time of its delivery to CROMWELL, but which CROMWELL never endorsed. The note was not paid at maturity nor protested, and no notice given of non-payment to LAWS or HENCKLE. CROMWELL brought suit against all three as the makers of a joint and several note, though on its face it was "I promise to pay." The defendants, STEWART & LAWS, severed their defense and pleaded separately, LAWS claiming to be merely an endorser, and signed his name on the back of the note as such; that to be held liable the note needed protest and notice to him of dishonor. The plaintiff claimed that as the names of all the parties were on it at the time of delivery, whatever part of the paper bore the signatures of the parties, they were joint makers as much as if their names had been signed on the face of the note and immediately under the first signer, and as such they were liable without protest or notice. The court so ruled and judgment was given for the plaintiff.

THE Liberal party have made such heavy gains in Ireland during the late election that the disestablishment of the Irish Church is almost certain. The consummation of such a movement will do much for Ireland. It will seal up that fountain of discord and bitterness which for years has poured its poisoned streams over the land, and maddened and divided children of the same mother. Men separated upon this topic, and refused to strike hands upon others essential to the welfare of Ireland; but, this apple of discord removed, and all will press on in the race for Irish emancipation and Irish nationality. Not in a rash, foolish manner; not under the lead of fools, knaves and charlatans, but as wise men, understanding the present and its surroundings, and estimating the future by the lessons of the past. The late elections in Ireland and their results open a fresh page in the history of Ireland, and they are hailed with delight by the real friends of that island and its patriotic people.

AS TO reconstruction in Georgia, we learn reliably that the Senate, owing to the fourteenth amendment complications likely to grow out of it, will not remand Georgia to her former position as a "conquered province." Acting upon the report to be presented by the Judiciary Committee, that body will agree that there is no necessity for farther Congressional action in relation to reconstruction in that State. It is confidently expected such a result will be reached soon after the holidays, and that the admission of the Georgia Senators will follow.

THE Ritualists have encountered a severe legal blow at last. One of the wildest offenders and burlesquers of Catholicism of the whole crew, the Rev. ALEXANDER MACKONOCHIE, a London rector, and an advanced Ritualist, was charged before the Ecclesiastical Court of Arches, by his Bishop, with un-Protestant practices, such as needless bowings and scrapings, lighted candles and strange apparel. The cause dragged on for eighteen months, and at last the Court decides against him. The effect of the decision is the "unfrocking" of Mr. MACLONOCHIE.

A RECIPROCITY treaty between the United States and Canada has been proposed on the following basis: The two countries shall make such an arrangement as exists among the States of the German Zollverein, and shall adopt the same tariff of duties on imports from abroad. They shall have custom houses only at their seaports, and these shall be conducted on joint account. All custom houses between them shall be abolished, and internal trade shall be entirely free. The product of the duties on imports shall be divided between them in proportion to their population.

THERE is no longer any doubt that Gen. Grant is in favor of the repeal of the Tenure-of-office Act. On Monday he stated to some Congressmen who called on him, that, while he should not pretend to say at this time what he thought best to do or not to do, he still believed it would be judicious to repeal the act.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 27.—A London special of the 26th to the *Herald* says: Burlingame's Mission commenced its deliberations yesterday, and so far matters have been favorably discussed.

Recent violence by a British man-of-war in Chinese waters came up for an investigation. Mr. Burlingame held that such vessels should only be used to protect life and property when immediately exposed to danger, but otherwise the subject became properly a matter of diplomatic reference to the Ambassador at Pekin. Violent measures before this was done might lead to war. The English Government will also regard the matter in this light.

Collector Smythe has declined the tender of a testimonial from the officers of customs in this port, who proposed to have his portrait painted and hung up in the Collector's office, there to be always preserved. In his reply to the flattering letter of these gentlemen he expresses hope for the early passage by Congress of Mr. Jenck's Civil Service Bill.

Mr. Church has accepted a similar compliment proposed.

The ice on the Hudson river is said to be in a better condition than for several winters, and the Poughkeepsie Ice boat Association propose to have an ice boat regatta for a piece of plate on next Tuesday, if the weather continues favorable.

The liabilities of Lathrop, Ludington & Co. are stated at four million dollars.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, December 27.—The Washington National Monument Society has addressed an appeal to the pastors of the religious congregations of the United States, asking them to cause collections to be taken up in their respective churches, on the Sunday immediately preceding the 22d of February; the collections to be remitted to the Treasurer of the Society, in order that work on the monument may be resumed. The appeal is signed by Andrew Johnson, President *ex officio*; S. J. Bowers, First Vice President; Ulisses S. Grant, Second Vice President; W. W. Corcoran, Third Vice President; J. B. H. Smith, Treasurer; John Carroll, Brevet Secretary.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, December 26.—The following additional Mexican news has been received by the steamer Washington from Vera Cruz: Gen. Rosecrans, United States Minister, was received by President Juarez on the 10th. The Congressional Committee on the same day reported treaties except the consular.

Mr. Plumb, late Secretary of Legation and acting Minister, was to leave Mexico January 1st.

The concession grant to the Tehuantepec route was under discussion.

Payments by the Treasury had recently been punctually made.

Public meetings favorable to the Cuban revolution had been held.

Gen. Escobedo was pushing his movements in Tampan Lipar. Vargas had offered to surrender, but the terms proposed were refused. A plan of conscription had been initiated by Minister of war.

The Washington brings a million and a half in specie for Europe.

The Government publishes in the *Gazette* the following account: "After the battle of Moran the troops found among the baggage captured from the insurrectionists several jars of strichnine." Information previously received by the Government stated that strichnine was to be used to poison the Spanish troops throughout the island.

Official accounts of the battle state that the Government troops came up with the Revolutionists on the 18th inst., eighteen miles from Puerto Principe. They stormed the entrenched camp of the enemy and attacked them with bayonets. The latter were routed, losing many men killed and wounded. According to the official account the loss of Government troops was slight, only one man killed and eight wounded. Loss of the revolutionists is not given, it being stated that 700 of their force were captured.

The Cuban account of the affair states that the government troops lost heavily in killed and wounded. The revolutionists also deny the statement that the government troops captured all their arms and ammunition.

Gen. Louse sailed yesterday for Santiago, with troops, to take command of the Eastern Department.

The revolutionists have destroyed the light house at Lucrotia point, endangering navigation of the Bahama channel.

The Herald has the following special: HAVANA, December 23, via Lake City, Fla., 27.—It is reported that 800 filibusters landed at the Bay of Cochinas, Santiago, December 18, and that the government has only 1800 troops in that vicinity, and that they are surrounded by 10,000 Revolutionists. Laborers are without food, and forced to join the Revolutionists. Business is suspended and importation stopped. The authorities are without money and pay nobody. Distress and gloom every where prevails.

MONZANILLO, December 20, *via* Lake City, Fla., December 27.—The Government forces here, numbering 600, are closely besieged. Occasionally skirmishes take place between the revolutionary forces and Government troops, but lead to no important results. The Government troops are suffering from bad and insufficient diet, in consequence of which cholera has broke out among them.

FOREIGN.

MADRID, December 27.—The semi-official journals say that Spain will not even consider the subject of the sale of Cuba to the United States.

Additional troops have sailed for Cuba.

LONDON, December 27.—The Oriental questions absorb attention. That a conference will be held is not absolutely certain; and if held sinister results predicted upon similar attempts at conciliation, are foretold. The Sublime Porte declines to yield the independence, or to make a sale of Crete, or to transfer that Island to Egypt, or any other of the bases for a compromise.

Lord Clarendon, as was to be expected, adheres to the old policy of England in regard to Turkey.

Napoleon and the Emperor of Austria are undecided in their views, while it is thought Prussia leans toward those of Russia. It is certain that the Greeks count little on direct aid from Russia, but much on insurrection on the part of their own countrymen in Turkey.

The Cretans seem quiet and indifferent. A manifesto from Garibaldi tells them that the proclamation of Spain as a republic will be a proclamation for a new movement on Rome, and exhorts them to be in readiness for the event.

It is said that President Sarmiento, of the Argentine republic, has engaged the kind offices of Gen. McMahon, American Minister to Paraguay, for an attempt to mediate with Lopez, and Don Pedro, Brazillian Emperor, has, in consequence, threatened to withdraw the Brazilian Envoy from the Argentine republic.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, December 27.—Two freight trains on the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad collided two miles west of Chillicothe, about three o'clock Thursday morning. Both engineers, A. A. Cooper and H. Young, and both the firemen, Muffits and Kevey, were instantly killed. The engines were completely smashed, and several of the cars burned. Both trains were running on telegraph time, and the westward bound train behind time. It is stated that the body of a young lady was found in the wreck, burned to a crisp from the waist up.

A train on the Iron Mountain railroad was thrown from the track below Jefferson Barracks, about fourteen miles below this city, yesterday morning. One of the cars, containing about twenty persons, was precipitated down an embankment, making two complete revolutions, and nearly every person in it was more or less injured, some of them severely but none fatally.

Gen. Sully sent a detachment of cavalry from Fort Harker on the 21st inst. to scour the upper valleys of the Solomon, Republican and Saline rivers in Kansas, it being reported that Indians have recently been seen in that region. Gen. Sully thinks that Gen. Sheridan will return from the campaign in twenty or thirty days, and will suspend operations until March, to give his horses rest.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, December 27.—The celebration of a solemn requiem and mass over the remains of the late Dr. Dunne, formerly Vicar-General of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Illinois, took place yesterday at St. Patrick Cathedral. It was probably the most impressive ceremony of the kind ever witnessed in the city. The church edifice was crowded to its utmost capacity, and thousands congregated in front of the church, unable to obtain admission. The grand mass was superbly rendered. Some forty or fifty priests were in attendance and took part in the ceremonies.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, December 27.—Arrived, Nicholas Longworth, from New Orleans.

CAIRO, December 27.—Up, Bismarc, 8 p.m. DOWD, Cora S., 3 a.m.; Darling, 11 a.m.

Weather clear. River stationary.

ST. LOUIS, December 27.—No arrivals or departures. The river is falling rapidly and the ice is very heavy, but ferry navigation is kept open by the ferry company's ice breaker. The weather is mild and the snow of Christmas night has nearly melted.

CINCINNATI, December 27.—The weather is clear. The river has fallen nine inches and is full of floating ice.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

Attention, Sir Knights!

THE Stated Conclave of Cyrene Commandery, No. 4, of Knights Templar, will be held in their Asylum, Front street, this Monday evening, December 28th, at 7 o'clock.

Visiting Sir Knights are fraternally invited.
By command of
JOHN ZENT, E. Commander.
N. J. WIGGIN, Recorder. de28 1t

TAKEN UP.—A BAY HORSE, with four white feet. Had on a saddle and bridle. Call at Keck's Stable, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. de24 3t*

NOTICE.

AN election will be held by the Stockholders of the Merchants National Bank, at the banking house on MONDAY, January 25, 1869, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., to elect Nine Directors for said Bank for the ensuing year.
de27 1m H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.

A Store for Rent.

A fine Stand for Business on Jefferson Street, near the old Planters' Bank. Apply to

J. J. ANDREWS,
de27 1f *Commercial Hotel.*

Owner Wanted

FOR one Sewing Machine, received per steamer Luminary, consigned to J. Laroy, Memphis, Tenn. If not called for within thirty (30) days, will be sold to pay charges.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent.
de27 1m Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

INFORMATION TO PLANTERS.

WE have on hand a consignment of the celebrated DICKSON "SELECT COTTON SEED," which we offer for sale in lots to suit the Planter. This Seed, the most prolific in use, has been known to yield on an average TWO BALES TO THE ACRE. The staple is very superior, and sample stalks may be seen at our office. We respectfully invite the attention of the planting community and the trade generally to the great superiority of this Seed.

☞ Circulars sent to address free.
de21 1m N. CORDONNA & CO.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM DEVILLE, the world-renowned Clairvoyant, can be consulted on the past, present and future, at her rooms, 149 MAIN STREET, third door above Overton Hotel. Communications, with $1 and stamp, answered promptly. de18 1m*

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance in alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping. [nov21 1m

YOUNG & BROTHER,
Booksellers & Stationers
No. 248 Main Street.
Writing Desks, Portfolios,
Bibles, Chess Boards,
Prayer Books,
Gift Books,
Toy Books,
Juveniles,
For sale by YOUNG & BROTHER,
de19 1f No. 248 Main Street, Memphis.

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

231 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, Burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" Stoves Tinware, Castings of great varieties, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.
nov15 ROSENBAUM & BROS.

STERLING AND COIN.

Silver Wares.

265 MAIN ST., COR. COURT.

F. D. BARNUM & CO.

(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)

JEWELERS.
de17 1w

THE TIPTON WEEKLY RECORD

SAM. P. ROSE, Editor & Propri'r

THE "RECORD" IS PUBLISHED EVERY Friday, at

COVINGTON, TENNESSEE,

And is an Independent Democratic paper. It circulates widely in the counties of Tipton, Lauderdale, Haywood and Fayette, and is the best advertising medium, through which the Merchants of Memphis may advertise for country trade, to be found in West Tennessee. Advertisements inserted on liberal terms. Specimen copies furnished gratis to all who may desire them. Address
SAM. P. ROSE,
au27 1m Covington, Tenn.

THE GRENADA SENTINEL

J. A. SIGNAIGO, EDITOR

HAS A CIRCULATION AS LARGE AS that of any paper in North Mississippi, and in a section of country where trade is tributary to Memphis. Business men of Memphis will find it to their interest to advertise in the SENTINEL. au16 1f

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Second Week of the Great Artists, MARY GLADSTANE, and Queen of the Air, M'lle TURNOUR.

Monday Evening, December 28.—Will be presented the LANCASHIRE LASS—Ruth Kirby, (the Lancashire Lass), Mary Gladstane. To conclude with M'lle TURNOUR on the Flying Trapeze.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

ORPHANS' FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

ST. PETER'S ORPHAN ASYLUM,

—IN—

NEW ASSEMBLY HALL

No. 363 Main St., commencing

MONDAY, DECEMBER 21ST.

Tickets of Admission, - - 25 Cents.
de17 2w

GAYETIES THEATER,

No. 37 Jefferson Street.

J. ETLY.....SOLE LESSEE
OSCAR WILLIS.....STAGE MANAGER

GRAND OPENING.

Tuesday Evening, December 29, 1868

THE management would respectfully announce that he has, at an enormous expense, fitted up the above beautiful Theatre, and will open with the LARGEST AND MOST TALENTED COMPANY that has ever appeared in the city.

LOOK AT THE MODEL TROUPE!

Miss Lillie Beckett, M'lles Henrette, Millie Bavana, Miss Augusta Lamereaux, Miss Millie Hepburn.

Sam Colgrer and his talented pupils, Dan and Eddie.

Mr. Harry Robinson and his mechanical Donkey.

Johnny Pendergast, Johnny Collins, Oscar Wilde, Charlie Straight and Ned Straight.

☞ New Stars in rapid succession.

ADMISSION.—Parquette, Fifty Cents; Private Boxes, Five Dollars. de27 1w

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

CHAS. E. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IS open nightly with a Talented Company of Artists, each one acknowledged to be a Star in his or her speciality. The entertainment consists of Sentimental and Comic Singing, Dancing, Farces, Burlesques, Sensational Dramas, Negro Acts, etc.

Admission, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5.

Doors open at half-past 6 o'clock; curtain rises at half-past 7. de18

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN.—I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman of the Seventh Ward at the January election next.
de19 W. L. STEWART.

FOR ALDERMAN OF THE THIRD WARD I am sure O. DURFF, the regular nominee by acclamation of the citizens of the above Ward. de15

FOR ALDERMAN.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, at the ensuing municipal election.
de12* HUGH NOTT.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SIXTH WARD. By request of many Republicans, I announce myself as an Independent Candidate for Alderman of the Sixth Ward. Election 7th of January, 1869. If elected, will study the interest of my ward and the city in general.
de22* E. J. COMER.

TO the Voters of the Eighth Ward: Honored two years since in being designated by your unsolicited suffrages as a representative in the Board of Aldermen, and conscious of an earnest purpose on my part to fulfill this confidence by a faithful discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the position, I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election.
de11 W. H. PASSMORE.

AUCTION.

Fine Building Lots at Public Auction.

THE sale to take place on the ground at NOON OF TUESDAY, THE 29TH INST. At the specific time we will proceed to sell several very desirable Building Lots in the Hoffman Division, situated and fronting on Auction street, Raleigh and Covington Roads, and within a few minutes' walk of Main street. The plan of subdivision can be seen at our office and all other information obtained as regards the property.

Title perfect. Terms made known day of sale.
W. H. PASSMORE & CO.,
de21 1d Ledger copy. Auctioneers.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

N. E. Cor. Main & Jefferson Sts.

☞ Auction Sales of Merchandize, Furniture, etc., at Salesroom every morning at 10 o'clock.

BEAUTIFUL

CITY RESIDENCE

For Sale or Exchange.

The well known and greatly admired

Menken Place,

On Manassas St., (or Boundary Ave.),

About three blocks North of the terminus of the Poplar Street Railroad,

Is Offered for Sale, or will be Exchanged for Other Real Estate in the Business part of the City.

THE picturesque and elegantly improved grounds, embracing an area of four and a-half acres; the tasteful and commodious dwelling of eight rooms, with all the concomitants of a complete establishment, such as kitchen, Stables, Garden, Etc.; with never failing Spring water, and everything about the place in perfect order and repair, combine in this place, to a very rare degree, the conveniences of a city residence with the retirement of a rural retreat, and cause it to be justly regarded as one of the most desirable places in the city.

Very Favorable Terms

Will be given, either in the Sale or Exchange of the property.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,
de23 AUCTIONEERS.

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER

Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

—AND—

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,

No. 276 Second St., Ayres Building,

de1 1f Memphis, Tennessee.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 1f

Mississippi Cotton Plantation For Rent.

EIGHT PLANTATIONS NEAR BEULAH, Bolivar county, Miss. thoroughly protected from inundation by the new levees.
Four Plantations for sale.
CLARK & MONTGOMERY
de19 1w1 for Beulah, Mississippi.

BANKRUPT SALE.

Bankrupt Sale of Real-Estate and Personal Property.

In the several matters of
Coolidge & Cooper and S. H. Melcher & Co., Wilson Slaughter and T. J. Green,
A. A. Burleson, L. T. Tisdale,
Thos. P. Aydlett, M. Bias,
Wm. R. Booker, R. P. Bolling,
Abner Baird, Samuel Gabay,
A. A. Hill, D. Kaufman & Co.,
Southworth, Nance & Co.
In Bankruptcy at Memphis, Tennessee.

By virtue of orders of sale entered in the above matters by the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, in Bankruptcy on the respective dates below mentioned, I will proceed to sell, on

Monday, January 18, 1869,

To the highest and best bidder, FOR CASH, at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, in Odd-Fellows' Hall, Memphis, Tennessee, between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, all the right, title and interest, legal and equitable, which belonged to said several bankrupts at the dates of filing their respective petitions in bankruptcy, in and to the following personal property, to-wit: All the bills of exchange, bonds, promissory notes, securities, debts, demands, claims, equities, accounts, books of account, choses in action, and all and singular the personal effects and assets of said bankrupts of every kind and description.

Also, the following:

In the matter of Coolidge & Cooper and S. H. Melchner & Co.: Order entered November 6, 1868. Three hundred and twenty acres of land in Tippah county, Miss.

In the matter of A. A. Burleson: Order entered November 6, 1868. Three lots in the town of Decatur, Alabama; four hundred and forty acres of land in Morgan county, Alabama.

In the matter of L. T. Tisdale: Order entered December 15, 1868. House and lot in the town of Covington, Tenn.

In the matter of Wilson Slaughter and T. J. Green: Order entered December 22, 1868. Two tracts of land of eighty acres each in Marshall county, Miss.

The following assets are sold under general order of sale, entered December 18, 1868:

In the matter of Thos. P. Aydlett: Three tracts of land in Crittenden county, Arkansas; one of eighty acres, and the other two of one hundred and sixty acres each. One tract of land, of three hundred and twenty acres, in Green county Arkansas, and one tract of land, of one hundred and sixty acres, in Prairie county, Arkansas.

In the matter of M. Bias: One lot in Tell City, Indiana.

In the matter of Wm. R. Booker: The undivided one-seventh interest of said bankrupt in a tract of land of one hundred and sixty acres, in Crittenden county, Arkansas.

In the matter of R. P. Bolling: The undivided one half interest of said bankrupt in a house and lot in Nashville, Tenn.; two lots on the Bluffs, in Memphis.

In the matter of Abner Baird: Three tracts of land of forty acres, sixty-four and ninety-eight one hundredths acres, and two hundred and one and thirty-five one-hundredths acres, respectively, in Monroe county, Arkansas.

In the matter of Samuel Gabay: The undivided one-half of a perpetual lease of one and three-fourths acres of oil territory in Venango county, Pennsylvania.

In the matter of A. A. Hill: A tract of land of one hundred and fifty acres, in Fayette county, Tenn.

In the matter of D. Kaufman & Co.: General order entered December 18, 1868. The undivided one-half interest of said bankrupts, in a lot in Harding's Addition, Nashville, Tenn.

In the matter of Southworth, Nance & Co.: Block 18, 20 and 21, in the town of Corinth, Miss., two tracts of land of one hundred and twenty acres each, in Craighead county, Arkansas; one tract of two hundred and eighty acres, in Arkansas county, Arkansas; one lot in the town of Jonesboro, Craighead county, Arkansas; one tract of land of two hundred and forty acres in Folsom county, Arkansas.

Sale to continue from day to day until completed.

Schedules to be seen at my office.
WM. Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., 49 Main st., Memphis, Tenn.
de27 5t

Bankrupt Sale of Personal Property.

In the several matters following:

Thos. P. Adams,	H. S. King,
W. T. Arrington,	Hans Lemon,
Davis Bryson,	A. J. Long,
Albert Buck,	W. C. Lightfoot,
Alex. Bowers,	Levy, Baumberger & Co.,
Thos. Bilbow,	A. R. Morton,
C. H. Botsford,	M. R. Mitchell,
Charles H. Brown,	R. E. Mason,
H. Beatus & Co.,	R. J. Morgan,
A. Brandt,	Thos. F. Peyton,
W. W. Coleman,	Thos. O. Patrick,
Abraham Cohn,	Payne, McDonnell & Co.
Connaway, Jones & Tate,	J. V. rowell,
John W. Curtin,	John C. Rogers,
Cressman & Hinson,	C. C. Scarp,
John C. Dougnerty,	D. Shloss & Co.,
J. N. Douglass,	John W. Shipp,
J. W. Dyer	B. Fowlkes Tatum,
J. R. Fleming,	David Thuman,
Julius Freed,	Watt & Johnson,
A. & J. Frey,	David Wolff,
Fred Hock,	N. C. Whitlow,
August Hazfield,	A. J. Hooker,
E. R. Hart,	John B. Hilton.

In Bankruptcy at Memphis, Tennessee.

By virtue of general order of sale entered by the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, on the 18th day of December, A.D., 1868, I will proceed to sell on

Tuesday, January 5, 1869,

To the highest and best bidder, FOR CASH, at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, in Odd-Fellows' Hall Memphis, Tenn., between the hours of 9 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, all the right, title and interest, legal and equitable, which belonged to said several bankrupts at the dates of filing their respective petitions in bankruptcy in and to the following personal property, to-wit: All the bills of exchange, bonds, promissory notes, securities, debts, demands, claims, equities, accounts, books of account, choses in action, and all and singular the personal effects and assets of said bankrupts of every kind and description.

Sale positive, and possession given immediately. WM. Y. CIRODE, Assignee.
Memphis, Tenn., December 22, 1868. de23 2w

JEWELRY, ETC.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

No. 265,

Corner Main and Court.

Sterling Silver Wares,

Very Superior Watches,

Rich Jewelry and Diamonds,

Fine French Clocks,

(In Marble and Gold Bronze).

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)

de6 1m s 265 MAIN STREET.

GIFTS, GIFTS, GIFTS!

GIFTS IN GOLD!
GIFTS IN SILVER!
GIFTS IN DIAMONDS!
GIFTS IN PEARLS!

GIFTS!

In All Manner of

PRECIOUS THINGS

—IN—

Rich Abundance

—AT—

MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO'S,

de22 275 MAIN STREET.

To Close Out!

I OFFER for sale my entire business, consisting of a carefully assorted stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc., Etc.,

Fixtures and good will, AT A BARGAIN.
☞ Until further notice, goods sold at retail at COST PRICES, and satisfaction guaranteed.
A. S. MULLER, Agent,
de20 2w Watchmaker and Jeweler, 183 Main Street.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. FULLER,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

BULKLEY, FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee and Central Alabama.
jeld d1twlm

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

A. SEESSEL & SON,

Beg leave to offer to the Public their Immense

SECOND STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Silks,
Satins,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,

AND A VARIETY OF

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS

Which we propose to SELL at prices defying EASTERN AUCTION SALES.

Trimmings, Buttons and Novelties, a Splendid Assortment.

OUR STOCK OF CLOAKS,

Manufactured under our supervision, in the East, which we defy HOME MANUFACTURE. An immense Stock of FURS, FURS, at prices to suit the Public. In addition to the above,

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS

—FOR—

JOBBING AND PLANTATION PURPOSES COMPLETE

☞ All we ask is a call. Try us and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,
259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

THE MOST USEFUL PRESENTS IN GREAT VARIETY

—AT—

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

During the ensuing week, and until after the Holidays, we offer

Great Inducements

—IN—

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
FURS! FURS!
BALMORAL SKIRTS!

In all of which we have the most

Advertisements in this column Published at 10 cents per line, each insertion. The cheapest and most conspicuous advertising known to the newspaper world.

WANTS.

LAND WANTED.—Any one desirous of selling low, for cash, from 3 to 5 acres of Land, with or without improvements, just outside the city, can find a buyer by calling at 52 Echols street. de27 1w

WANTED.—A good COOK. Apply to room No. 7 Waldran Block, No. 49 Main. de18 tf

WANTED.—A situation as BOOK-KEEPER by a man of several years' experience in first-class houses. The applicant was born and raised in the city, has a large circle of acquaintances, and can produce the best of business references for honesty and capacity. Will be ready to take a situation on January 1st. Address Q. Z. M., at this office. de6 1w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—The LEETWICH GARDEN, situated (4) four miles from Court Square, on Old Raleigh road, containing seventeen (17) acres in high state of cultivation, with a large orchard of select fruits, two comfortable cottage residences on the place, with all necessary out-houses, wells, cisterns, etc., and a large amount of hotbed sash. The most complete market garden near the city. Apply to J. H. CASH, City Inspector. de27 tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.—Offices and Rooms in the Postoffice and Library Buildings, N. E. corner Jefferson and Third streets. Inquire of THOS. WICKERSHAM, second floor Postoffice Building. de22 1m

FOR RENT.—A very desirable BRICK RESIDENCE, convenient to business. Apply to Mrs. BROWN, No. 18 Mulberry street. de18

FOR RENT.—A neat one-story COTTAGE, with seven rooms and kitchen, large shady yard, garden and stable, situated in a select neighborhood, on Rayburn avenue, near Jackson street. Possession from 1st January. Terms, $30 a month. Apply to Dr. GILBERT, 27 South Side Court Square. d-18 tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR RENT.—The Richardson Farm, on the Mississippi river, four miles below Randolph, Tenn., will be rented cheap for the year 1869 to a responsible party. The farm contains four hundred and fifty-two acres of land in cultivation and under a good fence, and has four different settlements upon it. Apply to GAGE & FISHER, No. 38 Front street, or to J. R. PALMER, Covington, Tenn. dp16 2w

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 488, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the terminus of the street cars. Contains eight rooms besides kitchen and servants' room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD, 268 Main street.

FOR RENT.—Main Street Stores and excellent Offices for rent—Cellars, First and second Floors and Sleeping Rooms, moderate to prompt tenants. W. A. Wheatley, 289 Main. nov24 1m Agent, P. C. BETHELL.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A fine COTTON PLANTATION for sale or rent—about 500 acres in cultivation; produces a bale to the acre, and above all ordinary overflows. About 35 miles below Memphis. G. A. ST. JOVALL. 827 Main street. de27 1w

LAND FOR SALE.—A tract of 87 acres, lying opposite Bray's Station, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad; sold by John P. Martin to Jas. Winkersham. It is about 15 miles from Memphis, and a fine site for a country residence. Inquire of THOS. WICKERSHAM, Postoffice Building, Memphis. de21 2w

STONEWALL FOR SALE.

OWING to the failing health of JAMES STEWART (who has been in charge of the premises as manager and partner for the last twenty-five years), STONEWALL, a farm embracing about 1200 acres of the choicest portion of the estate of the late DAVID CRAIGHEAD, situated in the bend of Island No. 34, Arkansas side, is now offered for sale.

There are on the place about 150 acres cleared, well fenced, and now in cotton and corn; one hundred acres in fine cypress timber, to which from the bank of the river is, in complete running order, a trainway, provided with railroad trucks, convenient for bringing lumber for shipment. The balance of the land is heavily timbered with oak, ash, walnut, cottonwood, etc. It is well levied, and a large portion of the tract is entirely above the highest floods. There are also on the place comfortable houses, negro quarters, a gin and cotton press, barns, stables, a fine apple and a peach orchard, and everything in complete running order. Also, a number of reliable hands, who have been on the place for years, who may be employed by the purchaser. Also, mules, horses, stock hogs, oxen, etc., sufficient to work it, and valued at about $600. These latter, it will be desirable to dispose of to the purchaser of the land.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES STEWART, on the Premises,
R. W. DAVIS, 202 Front Street, Memphis,
CRAIGHEAD, BREAST & GIBSON,
de4 1m Nashville, Tenn.

St. Louis Republican and Cincinnati Commercial (Dailies) copy one month, and send bill to D. P. Hadden, 202 Front street, Memphis.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

GEO. PATTISON & Co., Books and Stationery. tf

HOSIERY and wool nett goods lower than any other house in town, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

FRESH turkeys, chickens, eggs and butter, at C. C. Jackson's, 59 Adams street. tf

OLD RELIABLE.—The best of Pittsburg coal, lump, nut and slack, sold by Bigley, Mellersh & Co., South Court and Main streets, Bethel Block. Rates always as low as the lowest. tf

OPERA CLOAKS, suitable for Christmas and New Year presents, at less than New York cost, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

THE PEABODY HOTEL is now open for the reception of transient guests and boarders. Price per day, $4 00. Day Board, $30 per month. We will be glad to welcome our old friends and guests. jf D. COCKRELL & SONS.

FURNITURE.—Fifteen sets of fine and plain furniture, carpets, hair and cotton mattresses, for sale cheap by Mrs. E. Smith, 417 Main street. Call and get bargains. tjal

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.—The Fair will be open to day, and at 11 a.m. the voting for a badge to the most popular Sergeant of the Metropolitan Police, and for a cane to the most popular Alderman, will close. In this connection we are requested to return thanks to Mr. Robbins, of the Overton Hotel, for a cake of colossal dimensions and most exquisite composition.

WE sell the most elegant dress goods lower than any house in town. Rice & Engel. tf

A QUIET CITY.—For a day in holiday week, yesterday was one of the most quiet we ever saw. There was not a single arrest in the whole Second District. The fast gentlemen, the riotous young men and the rowdy boys seem to have expended their spreeing energies on Christmas, and for the past two days have probably been nursing weak stomachs and swelled heads. The way of the transgressor is hard.

FUNERAL OF MR. PATTISON.—The remains of this unfortunate young man were attended to the grave yesterday by a very large procession of sympathizing friends and acquaintances of the family. The late 154th Confederate regiment, of which the deceased had been, we understand, a member, turned out *en masse*, their arms bound with sable crape. Thus ends one of the most sorrowful tragedies it has ever been our melancholy duty to record.

THE best dry ash wood in quantities to suit purchasers, at the foot of Market street, mouth of Wolf river. 1w

OFFICE CITY TAX COLLECTOR, }
MEMPHIS, December 15, 1868. }

A penalty of *ten* per cent. will accrue on all unpaid taxes for the forty-first corporate year, on the 1st of January next. Parties who wish to avoid this heavy penalty, will do well to settle, as the law regulating the collection of taxes will be rigidly enforced. JNO. H BOWEN, 2w City Tax Collector.

MINCE PIES, mince meat, cakes, candies, fruits, toys for Christmas trees, and everything nice and fresh in the confectionery line, at Berton's, corner Fourth and Poplar streets, at prices to suit the times. Orders solicited. 2w

WATCH PRESENTATION.

Col. James Coleman the Victim.

The crowded state of our columns for the past few days has prevented our noting in a proper manner a very pleasant affair which occurred on Christmas day, in the telegraph office on Court street. The occasion was the presentation of a splendid and valuable gold watch, manufactured by the celebrated Nardin, costing over four hundred dollars, to Col. James Coleman, superintendent of the sixth district of the Western Union Telegraph Company, by the employes of the office and other friends.

At an early hour in the morning Col. Coleman, who had accepted an invitation to dine with a friend, received a message from John Van Horne, Esq., general superintendent at Louisville, to the effect that he apprehended that there was a conspiracy in the sixth district, and he wished Col. Coleman to be in the office at half-past three o'clock, that he might have an opportunity of "conversing" with him over the wires in regard to it. Col. Coleman was somewhat uneasy relative to the matter, which he could not understand, and he was promptly in attendance at the time mentioned, and notified the Louisville office of the fact. A reply was instantly received from Mr. Van Horne to the following effect: "The conspiracy has burst up, and you are in the hands of the Ku-Klux."

Maj. Will. O. Woodson, agent for the Associated Press, then stepped forward and explained the riddle in the following terms:

"Colonel: For nearly eighteen hundred years a good old custom has existed, of presenting on this day testimonials of appreciation and affection to those who have endeared themselves to us; and in behalf of the employes and others of your district allow me to present you this watch, as a token of our esteem and regard for one in whom we have ever found all those qualities which men delight to honor. Take it, sir; and when you gaze upon its truthful face, as it 'checks off' the hours of time, rest assured that there will be no 'error sheets' sent back, and may it serve to recall the memories of those who have united in the offering." [Applause.]

He then handed the elegant watch on which was engraved, inside the case, the following inscription:

"Presented to Col. James Coleman, Superintendent, by the employes and others of the sixth district of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Memphis, Tennessee, Christmas, 1868." The watch was manufactured by James Nardin & Co., is a full chronometer, very heavy cases, and cost four hundred dollars.

Col. Coleman, who was visibly affected, responded as follows:

"In receiving this beautiful and substantial testimonial of regard from your hands, in behalf of your brother operators and co-laborers of the telegraphic fraternity of my district, taken so suddenly by surprise, I am unprepared to make the proper acknowledgments and give expression to my feelings in the manner in which this handsome honor conferred upon me deserves. But rest assured that I am not insensible to gratitude; and the feelings produced by this unexpected and generous act, on the part of my brothers of the mystic art, is deeply engraven upon the tablets of my heart; and it will always be a source of proud satisfaction and an evidence of the high esteem in which I am regarded by those with whom I am daily associated and who know me best. I cannot say I merit this marked distinction. We have labored together in the cause of our company and the public, and I congratulate myself that there is not a more faithful, competent and gallant corps of men in the service of any department of the telegraph than those in my employ. The public has intrusted you with the most responsible and delicate duties, and in all of which you have performed your labors and discharged your duties with the most entire satisfaction. Our own relations have always been of the most genial character, and an unpleasant sentiment has ever passed between us. The public owe you more than most of them are aware. After the toils of the day your labors do not cease. There is not a single night in the year, not even excepting the sacred Sabbath, but your duties summon most of you into the ranks of midnight toil, and while the man of trade and commerce and speculation enjoys the sweet comforts of his home fireside or the delights of repose, dreaming of brilliant speculations, large gains and future bright hopes, you are still at your post, faithful to the trust imposed upon you by him, transmitting to and fro, almost to the ends of the earth, his communications, while all are slumbering in the quietude of night. And yet there is no class of men so poorly rewarded, and whose labors are so little appreciated by the public as the telegrapher, simply because they are ignorant of the obligation they are under to him. You are the representatives of an honorable profession, and of a powerful company with a capital of more than $40,000,000, and whose wires extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the lakes to the Gulf, embracing a large territory. Still continue to serve your company and do your duty to the public faithfully, and I will always endeavor to promote your interests and welfare. I feel that on this occasion I have a double reason to rejoice—both for the honor conferred upon me by you, and that liberty has been restored to our unfortunate and distinguished citizens who have been so long banished from their native land. I tender again to you my sincere and grateful thanks for the beautiful and costly present; and, although of much intrinsic value, the spirit in which it is given enhances its value far beyond price. The remembrance of this evidence of your esteem and friendship shall live forever in a faithful and sincere heart. It is sweet to feel that we have the love and confidence of our friends. I wish you, gentlemen, a most happy Christmas, and in the future many long and peaceful years, and that all the crosses of life will be only 'crosses' of the lines." [Applause.]

1000 men's hats at $1, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

A CELEBRATED doctor said that wet feet caused nearly all the sickness. Vacuum Oil will prevent boots and shoes from leaking, and also preserve the leather. Save your health. You can buy it at No. 40 Jefferson street, and also best coal oil, soaps, lamps, tin ware, pitch, rosin, wagon grease, etc. 2t

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!—If you want to arrange an elegant Christmas tree or toys, etc., for your children call on A. Castelberg & Co., No. 188 Poplar street, opposite the market house; you will also find a large assortment of nice fresh cakes and candies, plain and fancy. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. 1w

POCKET Knives—a fine assortment just received at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. tf

THERE is no mistake about it, Plantation Bitters will ward off Fever and Ague and all kindred diseases, if used in time. No family need suffer from this distressing complaint if they will keep Plantation Bitters in the house, and use it according to directions. The most important ingredient of this medicine is Calisaya or Peruvian Bark, which is known to be the finest and purest tonic in the vegetable kingdom. The extract of this Bark is the active principle of all the good Fever and Ague Medicines prescribed by intelligent doctors. Calisaya Bark is used extensively in the manufacture of Plantation Bitters, as well as quinine, and we dare say they owe their popularity mostly to that fact. We can recommend them.

MAGNOLIA WATER—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 3td&1tw

MESSRS. BIGLEY, MELLERSH & Co. are prepared to furnish, at the very shortest notice, hotels, factories or private dwellings with coal or wood in any quantity or of any quality. Call at their office, corner South Court and Main streets, and leave your orders for coal. 2t

LOOK at the cheap goods at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

LOYAL KU-KLUX OF WEST TENNESSEE ON THE RAMPAGE.

They Feebly Imitate their Indiana Brethren.

We learn from the West Tennessee *Whig* that, on the 13th inst., Henry Henderson, living on the farm of Mr. Greer, in the Cane Creek neighborhood, was seized in his cabin by Mr. Samuel Love and his son John, who took him out, ostensibly for the purpose of hanging him. When outside he broke from them and fled, saving his neck for that time at least. The Loves charged him with having stolen a pair of pistols, and they determined not to give it up so. They had him arrested for larceny; he was examined and bound over for trial, and gave bail in the sum of $250, whereat the Loves expressed great dissatisfaction and made many ugly threats. On the night of the 19th, Mr. Greer's premises were again visited by men in disguise and armed with pistols. They went to the cabin where the negro Henry was supposed to be, and demanded entrance. Before the summons could be answered, pistol shots were fired through the door, wounding one negro boy in the thumb, and a negro woman in both legs. The *Whig* says that not a single "rebel" or Democrat was engaged in the affair, and adds:

Gen. A. W. Campbell, a lawyer of great force and ability, has been employed by Mr. Greer to prosecute the men who visited his house on last Saturday night. Gen. C. has taken the case in hand, and will proceed after the manner laid down in the law against Ku klux outrages.

We shall watch the proceedings with much interest, and give them to our readers as they are developed.

Queer, isn't it, that a rebel Brigadier should be called upon within less than six months after the passage of the Ku klux law for the protection of loyal men (so called), to prosecute, under the provisions of that act, some of the very men for whose benefit it was made?

"LULU" is informed that we publish nothing from anonymous contributors and correspondents. We must have a responsible name.

APPOINTMENT.—It will be remembered that at the late meeting of freight agents in Louisville it was determined to have but one agent for each Company at any one point. In pursuance of this policy, Capt. Larry Harmstad, of No. 7 Madison street, has been selected as agent of the "old reliable" Little Miami Line, and will enter upon the duties on January 1st. Major DeVassa, formerly with Mr. C. F. Smith, will continue to act in the same capacity with Capt. Harmstad.

GREAT variety of ladies' gloves at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

CRANBERRIES, Cider and Buckwheat Flour just received by H. S. King & Co., 226 Second street. 2t

GIFT BOOKS, GIFT BOOKS, in endless variety and styles—finest assortment in the city, at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. tf

GREAT SALE OF JAPANESE AND CHINESE CURIOSITIES, SHELLS, ETC.—At Public Auction, salesroom of Royster, Trezevant & Co., northeast corner of Main and Jefferson streets, commencing Saturday, December 26, at 7 p.m.—To continue the ensuing week at 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. each day. The finest collection ever brought to this city. A direct importation by Boyton Agency of New York and Philadelphia. An immense assortment of rare and beautiful Shells, a variety of ingenious and exquisite Oriental workmanship, magnificent inlaid work, laquer, pearl, straw, precious woods, cabinets, tables, stands, boxes, trays, chequer-boards, etc.; Japanese books, maps, pictures, etc.; bamboo baskets, French and Italian fancy shell work, etc. A rare opportunity for beautiful holiday presents. Attention of ladies particularly invited. 6t T. BOYTON, Importers' Agent.

OLD CLOTHING MADE NEW.—Thos. H. Hunt & Co., No. 246 Second street, are prepared to do all kinds of cleaning, dying and scouring. They will make old clothes look as good as bran new, and that at a cost which, compared with new ones, is almost nothing. By a new process the original luster and shape of the garment is preserved in an astonishing manner. Gentlemen will consult economy by sending Hunt & Co. their old garments. 2t

CORRECTION.—The account in one of the morning papers of the deplorable accident by which young Scott McGehee lost his life, might lead to the supposition that the whole party assembled on that occasion were intoxicated. We are assured by a gentleman who was present that such was not the case. Most of the party were ladies and children, and the only liquor drank was some week egg-nogg, made especially for them. We are further informed that Mr. Carter, whose unfortunate carelessness caused the accident, is an estimable and upright young man, of temperate habits, and that he was not under the influence of drink at the time of the unhappy occurrence.

ST. JOHN'S DAY.—Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of St. John, the disciple "beloved of Jesus." The Freemasons hold it in especial reverence, and yesterday made it the occasion of the installation of their officers, elected some time since, for the ensuing year.

THE SECOND WARD.—The following call for a meeting of the citizens of the Second Ward was handed to us for publication last evening:

Editors Appeal: We notice that Capt. Marshall assumes to be the nominee of the Democratic party for Alderman of the Second Ward. We do not see how the gallant Captain can serve in that capacity, since, on account of service in the Confederate army, he cannot take the candidate's oath. Desiring to relieve him from so embarrassing a position, we suggest and call a meeting of the citizens of the Ward for Thursday night next, when a nomination will be made.

MANY CITIZENS.

JOE. LOCKE, 236½ Main st., has Scraps from Prison Table by Col. Joe. Barbiere. Also, Leslie, Harper, Godey's, Demorest, Lippincott, Eclectic, and hosts of other publications for January. Leslie's Weekly, with picture of Grant at capture of City of Mexico, Banner of the South, Father A. J. Ryan's paper, Harper's Bazar, Waverly, Sporting Times, Days Doings, Western World, Literary Album, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, New Orleans, and New York dailies received by every mail. Books and Stationery, Base Balls, etc. tf

THE most execrable weather followed the clear cold sunshine of Christmas and the week preceding. The people of Memphis looked forth from their windows on Saturday morning and beheld the roofs and pavements white with a blanket of virgin snow. The spectacle was beautiful in the extreme, and had it come a day sooner the believers in Santa Claus would have sworn that he brought it with him for the special use of his sleigh and team of reindeer. But as the day advanced the splendid whiteness of the snow was marred by the soot and smoke of the city, pedestrians converted the sidewalks into footways of slush, and vehicles rushing to and fro mixed up the mud and snow in the streets into a sort of mortar nearly ankle deep. As night came on heavy fog banks closed round and shut out the last fading rays of sunset. We trust that the skies may clear up and smile brightly upon the remainder of holiday week.

ARREST OF PICKPOCKETS.—On Monday last Col. Baker, an elderly gentleman of Jackson, West Tennessee, was rudely jostled by two men while getting off a railroad car at that place. He soon afterwards discovered that he had been robbed of his pocket book, containing $180. In the afternoon of the same day, Col. Baker again got on the cars to go to Carroll station, and found the two men aboard who had jostled him. He had them arrested, and one of the fellows acknowledged that he belongs to a band of pickpockets that are operating on the railroads in West Tennessee, but said he knew nothing about the robbing of Col. Baker.

LOSS OF THE HIBERNIA.

Statement of Rescued Passengers.

Over Forty Persons Still Missing.

On Tuesday, the 8th inst., the Star of Hope arrived in Leith Roads, with fifty-one of the passengers and crew of the Hibernia on board. The vessel was unable to put into Aberdeen, owing to stress of weather, and the masters of the steam tugs there refused, it is said, to land the passengers unless they received handsome remuneration. On reaching Leith the greater number of the passengers proceeded to Edinburg and Glasgow. Thirteen of the crew were sent to Glasgow at the expense of the Shipwrecked Mariners' Society.

The following statement regarding the loss of the Hibernia has been made by three of the passengers—Mr. Josiah Cocks, Mrs. Melvin and Miss Ferguson:

"We commenced our voyage from New York, on board the Hibernia, on the 14th of November, and, though the weather at first was somewhat rough, we had a pleasant voyage until the gale arose on Monday, the 23d, which resulted in the accident to the machinery on the morning of Tuesday, the 24th. At about 2 o'clock on the morning of that day we were awakened by a loud noise like the crash of machinery, and on going to the cabin we learned that the noise had been caused by the screw knocking against the stern of the vessel.

The Captain met us and assured us there was no danger, and that all would be put right, and, resting confidence in the Captain, we went to bed again, and hoped that in the morning we should find all right. But next morning the Captain was not at breakfast, and his absence caused us to begin to think there was something wrong. Shortly afterward he came and told us to take care of ourselves, and to get ready to go into the life boats, as it was quite possible we should be required to leave the ship. Between eight and nine o'clock the boats were got ready, and water and provisions were put on board of them. The Captain, however, kept cheerful, and said he had still hopes that they might manage to save the ship. Meantime the crew worked the pumps, and at the same time all on board kept ready to leave the ship, should they be ordered to do so. All the while a gale was blowing, but as the afternoon advanced it increased in fury, and it was evident that the danger to the ship was becoming greater. At about four o'clock on Wednesday morning it was determined that the boats should be launched, but, owing to the high sea which was running at the time, this work was accomplished with some difficulty, as it was feared that the boats might be dashed to pieces against the side of the ship. But, fortunately, we got them all safely down, with the exception of the Captain's boat No. 1, which was slightly injured. At twenty minutes past five o'clock, the Captain came to the cabin, and told the ladies to come on deck and to go to the front part of the ship. The water at this time was ankle deep in the saloon, and was rapidly rising. All the cabin lady passengers went to the front of the vessel, and the cabin gentlemen passengers followed. There was no hurrying or crushing; all went orderly and quietly. By the assistance of the Captain and officers, one by one went over the sides of the ship until No. 1 lifeboat was filled, and all the cabin lady passengers went off in that boat. When we shoved off, the cabin gentlemen passengers, in the same orderly way, filled the second boat, and successive boats were filled in the same quiet manner, each, when ready, shoving off to give place to the other boat. One old woman, a steerage passenger, sturdily refused to leave the ship, being determined not to quit company with her husband, who was put into the lifeboat by force. She screamed loudly while being let down into the boat. When the last passenger had been got off, Capt. Munro, with Mr. Brown, the chief engineer, who had remained directing the transfer of the passengers to the small boats, came off in the last boat. Capt. Munro immediately joined No. 1 boat and took charge of the rudder, while Mr. Brown went to take charge of No. 2 boat. The ship shortly afterward sank. After we started off in the lifeboats the boat in charge of the chief mate hoisted a sail, and a rope from it was attached to the Captain's boat, but the rope soon broke. Some minutes afterward a sudden gust of wind caught the boat which had hoisted the sail, causing it to upset, and all on board of it were lost. None of the other boats could give the slightest assistance, all were so heavily laden and carried so much water. The Captain, soon after he took charge of the first boat, which was nearly half full of water, saw that it was too heavily laden, and called on the crew of one of the other boats to relieve him of some of the passengers or the boat would sink. The crew of the other boat answered the call of the Captain and came alongside, taking two of the passengers off. Though thus relieved the Captain still feared for the safety of the passengers, on account of the amount of water which was in the boat. As the water continued to be bailed out, however, the rudder began to obey him, and his hopes of safely revived. We sailed about all day, and during all the while scarcely a word was spoken. About half-past seven at night the quiet was broken by a great cry of "A sail, a sail!" and the Captain ordered a light to be put up and told all the passengers to shout for their lives. We all shouted, and an answer was immediately returned from the ship, which turned out to be the Star of Hope, under command of Capt. Talbot. All those who were in Capt. Munro's boat were taken on board the Star of Hope, and were treated with every possible kindness. We told him that other boats were lying about, and Capt. Talbot said he would look out for them. He cruised about, and placed men on the look out. Between 10 and 11 o'clock we picked up No. 3 boat; but, though the Star of Hope cruised about all night and part of the next day, nothing more was seen of the other boats. During all the while we were on board the Star of Hope, we were treated with the utmost kindness by Capt. Talbot. He gave up his own cabin for the accommodation of the lady passengers, and in his efforts to make those whom he had saved comfortable he was generally assisted by his officers.

ONE OF THE MISSING BOATS LANDED ON THE COAST OF IRELAND—ONLY THREE PERSONS SAVED.

From the Glasgow Herald.]

The public interest excited by the circumstances attending the foundering of the screw steamer Hiberpia, and the subsequent perils and privations of the passengers has been intensified by the receipt of a telegram announcing the landing of one of the missing boats containing three of the crew. The telegram sent from Londonderry was as follows:

"LONDONDERRY, Dec. 9, 1868.—Letter just to hand reports landing on Donegal coast of one boat, containing Davies, second officer, and two others. A number lost through accidents. They lie at Ballyhillin, Main Head, County Donegal, and are unable to leave at present."

Mr. Davies, we may here remark, was in charge of No. 3 life-boat, which contained twenty-eight persons, including passengers and crew.

This telegram was supplemented an hour later by a second, intimating that "the names of the three survivers landed from No. 3 life-boat are William Davies, second officer; Peter Blair, quartermaster, and John Reilly, able seaman."

Of the five boats which contained the passengers and crew, three have now been recovered—namely, the captain's, the boatswain's and the second officer's, leaving the boats in charge of the chief officer and the third officer still missing. In the chief officer's boat there were thirty-three persons, but it will be remembered that shortly after this craft left the Hibernia, she was capsized, and on again righting (for she was constructed on the life-boat principle) only some eight or ten persons were seen on board. Deprived as they probably were by this accident of their provisions, and perhaps also of any one skilled in the management of boats, it must be confessed that every passing hour lessens our hope of the rescue of this remnant of the first mate's party. In the third officer's boat there were only twenty-two passengers, and as she was in first-rate sailing condition, it is to be hoped that she may yet turn up, or that the passengers have been taken on board of some out-going vessel, and afterward transferred to one coming home. We may mention that Colin L. Atkins, the third officer, holds a captain's certificate, and is a native of the State of Maine, United States. He is a steady man and a first-rate seaman. His wife, we are informed, lives in Glasgow, on the south side of the river.

In endeavoring to estimate the extent of this sad disaster, so far as this can approximately be done at present, we note first of all that there were altogether 142 persons on the Hibernia when she left New York. Of these there were saved, in the captain's and boatswain's boats, forty-seven; and in No. 3 lifeboat, three, giving a total of fifty persons, and leaving ninety-two still to be accounted for. Of this remaining number, we now know that twenty-five persons, who were in No. 3 life-boat, perished; and if we estimate those who were cast by the capsizing of the chief officer's boat, still missing, at twenty-three or twenty-five, we get a total of forty-eight or fifty persons drowned, which, being deducted from ninety-two, leaves forty-two or forty-four still missing.

Since writing the above we have received a telegram from our correspondent at Londonderry, who says the lifeboat No. 3 drifted to Fanad Head, Lough Swilly, which is a little to the southwest of Ballyhillin. His telegram is as follows: "Lifeboat No. 3, belonging to the Hibernia, drifted to Fanad Head, Lough Swilly. The boat, which had twenty-eight persons in her, parted with the steamer on the 25th ult., and it has now reached the Donegal coast with only three survivors—namely, Wm. Davies, second officer; Peter Blair, quartermaster; and John Reilly, A. B. The boat capsized after being some time at sea, and this, with other casualties, reduced the number to the three men named. Mr. Herbertson, of Messrs. Handyside & Henderson's office here, has been dispatched to meet them. They are unable to leave at present, but are expected here to-morrow or next day. The company have ordered the greatest care to be taken of them."

JUVENILE and Toy Books—a beautiful assortment very low, at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s, 317½ Main street. tf

200 dozen ladies' linen cuffs and collars lower than any house in town. Rice & Engel. tf

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS.—The attractions at this popular place of amusement during the past week, have been sufficient to crowd the house almost every night, in spite of the intensely cold weather. Mrs. Gladstane, whose personal graces and great dramatic abilities make her a favorite everywhere, has appeared in her greatest characters with signal success—a success greatly promoted by the excellent manner in which she has been supported by the stock company. In this connection we publish the following correspondence:

A CARD.
MEMPHIS, December 25, 1868.

MRS. MARY GLADSTANE:

Madam, We, the undersigned, having witnessed with the most pleasurable satisfaction your delineation of the character of *Queen Elizabeth*, would most respectfully ask you to favor us once more with your truly gifted powers in the impersonation of that great character, in which you stand unrivalled.

C. P. MORRIS, and others.

OVERTON HOTEL, }
MEMPHIS, December 26, 1868. }

To Mr. C. P. NORRIS, and others:

Gentlemen—Your kind favor requesting a repetition of the performance of "Elizabeth, Queen of England," has been received, with feelings of sincere gratitude for your kind appreciation of my efforts to please you. As an artiste, I assure you I feel honored when you say I stand "unrivalled" in so arduous a character, and am grateful to you, gentlemen, and the citizens of Memphis, for the kindness extended to me during my short engagement here. I beg to name Wednesday evening, the 30th inst., when "Elizabeth" will be again repeated, according to your kind request. I have the honor to remain, gentlemen,

Yours truly, MARY GLADSTANE.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.—The famous Hanlons, the champion acrobats and gymnasts of the world, have drawn very full houses here during the week. They leave behind them the remembrance of some of the most daring and wonderful feats of skill, agility and strength ever performed by mortal man.

GAYETIES THEATER.—The lessee of the Gayeties announces that he will open his newly fitted up place of amusement to-morrow night with a model company. He will undoubtedly draw a crowd.

STATE ITEMS.

OPENING OF IRON WORKS.

The Rockwood Iron Works, in Roane county, went into blast on Saturday night, 20th inst., with a grand display of fireworks and general rejoicing. The Knoxville *Press* has the following: The Roane Iron Company, with W. O. Rockwood, Esq., of Indianapolis, as President, and Gen. John T. Wilder as Superintendent, commenced operations in April last, since which time one hundred men have been employed in the construction of the works and accumulating material for successful operations. One hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars has been expended and everything possible has been done to make it a complete success. The furnace is forty-five feet in height, eleven feet back, and has a working capacity of twenty tons per day.

THE YANKEE SCHOOLMASTER WANTED.

The Lexington (Ky.) *Observer* publishes the following letter from a carpet-bagger, who having been defeated for the Legislature by a Democrat, contested the seat and had his opponent ousted:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES }
Nashville Dec 5th 1868 }

Col——

Dear Sir I succeeded in getting my seat we didant have much contest in the matter my compedetor did not make much defense he seen at once the whole thing was against him Col I have no muss of importance you at present we have a great deal of Legislation before the house a great deal of it is upon the finance of the State I guess the house will be in session til February or march I would be pleased tu have you call to see me should you visit our city while we are in session you will please write to me as soon as you receive this the nuse generally I am very respectfully yours

SUICIDE.

A young man named Josephus Meadows, son of Moses Meadows, of Macon county, about eighteen years of age, shot himself on last Friday morning, 18th instant. He got up from a hearty breakfast, and went into an adjoining room, and was found a few minutes afterwards lying upon the floor with the gun across his body. The load entered his forehead. No cause, whatever, was known for the terrible act.

In Nashville last Wednesday night, the store of Messrs. Gray & Nobb was entered by burglars and robbed of about $700 worth of goods.

Sudden Changes of Weather are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, etc. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found, than in the timely use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." They possess real merit, and have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, having received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

LAGER BEER

BY L. SCHNEPEL,

Corner Third and Webster Streets,

IN BARRELS, HALF BARRELS AND KEGS. Delivered free of charge within the city limits. de2

DRY GOODS.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

—AND—

ESPECIALLY TO OUR PATRONS.

OUR facilities by the late great decline of all kinds of Dress Goods and Fancy Articles, and through our purchases we are enabled to sell our well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes and especially Clothing, which we intend to close out regardless of cost at such prices as to excel all other houses in this city.

CHEAP TABLE

—OF—

FANCY ARTICLES

WHICH WILL SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Ladies of Memphis and Vicinity,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Our prices will at once, convince you that we are STILL MASTERS OF THE FIELD.

SAVE MONEY! BUY CHEAP!

—AT—

No. 280 Main St.,

Opposite the Clay Building.

GREAT DECLINE OF PRICES

—AT—

M. WOLF & CO.'S

230 MAIN STREET.

Just Received and Purchased at Panic Prices:

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!

Bombazines,

Irish and French Poplins,

French and English Merinoes,

A Splendid Line Plain and Changeable Alpacas---very cheap;

Chameleon and Waterproofs.

Empress Cloth,

Mohair and Wool Plaids,

All Wool Delaines,

500 dozen Merino and Cotton Hosiery,

Lad and Child Underwearr,

HOOP SKIRTS

In style to suit the humblest, and

In Prices to Defy all Competition.

Lad and Gents' Hemstitched, Plain and Embroidered Handkerchiefs,

Bonnet Ribbons, 40 cents per yard.

nov21 1m

NEWSPAPERS.

ADVERTISE IN THE

WHITE COUNTY RECORD,

Searcy, Ark.

IT HAS A GOOD CIRCULATION IN ALL the mountain counties, and is the

Only Newspaper in the Little River Valley.

The RECORD is read by all the Merchants in White, Van Buren, Conway, Izzard and Searcy counties; also, by many in Woodruff, Prairie, Jackson and Independence.

Address JACOB FROLICH, Jr.,
sep5 Searcy, Ark.

THE BROWNSVILLE BEE.

COL. W. I. WESTBROOK, Late of Mississippi. DR. R. W. BEERS, Late of Mobile.

WESTBROOK & BEERS,

Editors and Proprietors.

A LIVE WHITE MAN'S JOURNAL, DEvoted to pure Democracy and the rights of the people.

TERMS—Invariably in Advance—Two Dollars a Year; One Dollar for Six Months.

Our very large and rapidly increasing circulation enables us to offer superior inducements, as an advertising medium, to business houses. The BEE CIRCULATES THROUGH THE ENTIRE WESTERN DISTRICT.

☞ No advertisements received except for money, and at regular rates.

Address, WESTBROOK & BEERS,
au14tf Brownsville, Tenn.

To the Merchants of Memphis.

An Excellent Advertising Medium!

THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN, printed at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., by M. R. PARRISH, is one of the best advertising mediums within a hundred miles of Memphis—advocates Memphis trade, and circulates in a half dozen of the best counties back of Memphis. Advertisements inserted at low rates.

3 squares, business card, 3 months				$10 00
4	"	"	3 "	12 00
5	"	"	3 "	14 00
8	"	"	3 "	16 00

SUBSCRIPTION.—The BOLIVAR BULLETIN will be sent to any address, one year, for $3 00, payable in advance. ty27 tf

THE COAHOMIAN.

PUBLISHED AT

Friars' Point, Mississippi.

THIS newspaper is one of the finest advertising mediums in the State of Mississippi, being the official paper of the counties of Tunica, Coahoma and Bolivar—three of the largest cotton growing counties in the State. Its circulation is not surpassed by any country paper published in the vicinity of Memphis.

J. A. REID & CO.,
nov18 tf Proprietors.

R. BRANNON,

Dealer in Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods,

COAL, Lard and Lubricating Oils, Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to by competent workmen. 266 Front street, between Madison, opp. Steamboat Landing. nov14dly

TO MERCHANTS!

CLOSING SALE OF

WINTER DRY GOODS!

MENKEN BROTHERS

OFFER THEIR ENTIRE WINTER STOCK OF

JEANS,

LINSEYS,

KERSEYS, ETC.,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

MENKEN BROTHERS,

No. 263 Cor. Main & Court Streets

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY

No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS

DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES

Capital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00

☞ Life and

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, December 28, 1868.

FINANCE.

This has been an active day in money circles. Coming between a holiday and Sunday it could not well be otherwise. At this season of the year currency is easy—enough so to do a little in the way of discounts where the applicant happens to be a customer, but others find it hard work to realise except upon good collateral, and but few of our banks are willing to tie up money in this way. The demand for exchange has been active from all branches of trade, and Eastern remittances are quite large, though there is a considerable amount also going to New Orleans in payment for coffee, sugar and molasses. Rates are firm:

	Buying.	Selling
New York	dis.	par@¼c dis.
New England	"	"
St. Louis	"	"
Cincinnati	"	"
Louisville	"	"
New Orleans	½@¾	½@12 $1000 p'm

City Bonds are in demand. There is an order in the market for $100,000 at 52c, and one for $50,000 at 52½c. The latter has been partly filled, but the former cannot be. Holders ask 52½c, and in many cases 53c is asked. Acting Mayor McDavitt has notified holders that the January interest on these bonds will be paid in currency at the First National Bank of this city and the National Park Bank in New York.

City Scrip is firm. One dealer states that he offered 81c for $6000, while another reports that he offered any amount from $5000 to $20,000, at 80½c. Dealers buy at 80c, but there is very little being presented at the counter. Taxpayers buy in small amounts at 82@83c. We make no distinction between scrip and ledger balances in our quotations, but speculators prefer the former.

County Warrants are in demand at 77c. with a tendency upwards. The demand from tax-payers, it is anticipated, will be heavy next week, and we should not be astonished if Warrants advanced materially. We quote at 80c to taxpayers, though a large lot could be bought from dealers at 78@79c.

Police Scrip is firm at 90@94c, buying. Selling at 95@96c.

School Scrip is also firm. Dealers buy at 90c and sell at 92@95c as to amount.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 134½, closing at 135c. Dealers in this market buy at 134@134½c. Selling at 135 @135½c.

COTTON.

There were no Liverpool dispatches to-day. The New York market opened quiet and weak, with Low Middlings nominally 24½c; Uplands 25c; Orleans 25½c; Good Middlings 26c. At noon there was very little doing. At 1 p.m. it was quiet but steady; at 2 p.m it was firm with a moderate demand, and prices a shade better; Low Middlings 24¼@24½c; Uplands 25c@25½c; Orleans 25½@25½c; Good Middlings 26c. It was quiet but firm at the close. Sales 1800 bales. The New Orleans market at 11 a.m. was firm with moderate demand; Middlings 23½c. At 2:15 p. m. it was unchanged. Sales 3500 bales. The absence of cable news, the state of the weather, the indifferences of holders, the day being Saturday, the hope that prices will be still better next week, were a few of the causes which operated on this market and caused it to be one of the quietest of the season. Only a few bales were sold upon a basis of 23¼@23½c for Middlings. We quote nominally as follows:

Ordinary	21½@22
Good Ordinary	22½@22½
Low Middlings	23 @23½
Middlings	23½@23½
Strict Middling	24 @24½
Good Middling	24½@25

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, December 26, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	2,813	
Received previously	123,661	123,476
Exported to-day	1,848	
Exported previously	115,980	117,828
Stock on hand at 12 m		10,995

The receipts and exports above are for the past two days. Week's receipts, 8854 bales; exports, 8030 bales; received last week, 9005 bales; received for the corresponding week last year, 10,957. The total receipts at this port last season from 1st September to December 27th, was 114,278 bales, showing an increase this year of 14,198 bales. There was received from December 1st last year to December 26th inclusive, 43,322 bales, against 33,871 bales this year. Stock on hand December 26th last season, 12,679 bales, with Middlings 13@13½c. The New York statement for the week is as follows: Week's sales, 14,890 bales; week's receipts, 6860; gross, 18,840; exports, 9465; stock, 32,000. Receipts for the week at all United States ports, 78,000. This shows an increase of 2000 bales in stock since last week, and a falling off of 4000 bales in receipts at all ports for the week.

TRADE.

Business of every kind was suspended yesterday, and the day was observed as one of feasting and enjoyment. Our streets were quiet as on the Sabbath, save an occasional noisy nuisance in the shape of those remnants of barbarism—fire-crackers and rockets. To-day the ground is covered with snow and trade was quiet. Holiday week promises to be better in a business way than was anticipated. As a general thing, between Christmas and New Year's, there are very few country people in town—they preferring to spend the week at home amid the social circle, but this season there has been little if any falling off in arrivals at our hotels, all of which are doing as well as at any time during the season. We have little change to note in prices, and stocks have been recuperated but lightly.

Some idea of the immense resources of the South and its recuperative qualities may be derived from a statistical statement lately published by Alexander Delmar. It is there shown that on June 30, 1866, the population of the South amounted to 9,586,706, and of all the States together to 34,595,882; that the exports of the South for that year amounted to $272,000,000, whereas in in 1820 the entire population of the United States scarcely exceeded that of the South forty years after, and the entire exports only amounted to $51,000,000. In 1850, with a population of 23,000,000, the exports of the United States only reached $136,000,000. The South now, with not one-half the population, exports annually double that sum. Nowhere else upon the earth, says the Augusta *Chronicle*, do such elements of latent prosperity exist; and entirely undeveloped as yet remains by far the largest proportion of its territory, and it plainly shows that an industrial population, honestly laboring, will, in a comparatively short time, raise it to the most prosperous the sun ever shone upon. The only thing requisite is to be relieved from political annoyances and disabilities, and then bend our energies to its development. This course pursued, the reaping hook will soon conquer what the sword lost to us.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—Choice eating apples $5 50@6 50; cooking $7 50@8 50.

BEANS—Good supply of all kinds. Navy dull at $3 25@3 50 per bushel; Mixed $2 50@3.

BUTTER—Choice Western and Tennessee Butter is firm at 40@45c. Good is dull at 30@35c.

BRAN—Stock fair. $25 delivered in lots.

BAGGING—Stock moderate and demand light. Prices are irregular. Light weight Kentucky, 18½@19c; heavy 19@20c.

BULK MEATS—Stock light, though ample for the demand. Clear sides 15½@16c; clear Rib 15@15½; Rib 14¾@15c; Shoulders 11¾@12c; Hams 14@15c.

BACON—Very little in market and demand light. Clear sides 18@19c; clear rib 18@18½c; rib 17½c; shoulders 14c; hams new sugar cured 20@22c, with no demand.

BEESWAX—We have no change to report. Fair receipts. Selling at 30c.

CABBAGES—Fair supply. Crates $18@20. Per hundred $12@15.

CHEESE—Stock fair and prices are stiff. Factory, 18@19c; English Dairy, 18@19c; Western Reserve 17½@18c; English Goster, 19@20c.

COFFEE—There is a very good demand, and holders are firm. We quote Common to Choice Rio at 24@25c, in lots of 10 to 20 sacks; Java, 30@33c.

CORNMEAL—Market dull. Fresh $3 75@4 as to coarseness.

CORN—60 sacks sold on levee at 65c. Held at 70c in sacks, in lots.

FEED—Moderate supply at $38@40 per dozen.

FRUITS—Dried Apples, 7@8c; Peaches 9@11c; currants, 18@20c; layer raisins per box $4 50@5; half boxes $2 50@3; quarter boxes $1 75@2; citron 20@22c; almonds 25@30c; prunes 20@25c.

FLOUR—Market firm and demand active. All low grades and ice-ceand in demand. Fine $6 50@6 75; super $7 25; X $7 50@8 50; XX $8 75@9 50; XXX and fancy $10@11. We quote a sale of 100 barrels "Pocket Mills" at $10 50.

GAME—Good demand. Venison, 7@8c all round; saddles 14@15c. Wild Turkeys $1@1 2. Wild Geese 30@40. Ducks $1 00@1 25. Quails $2@2 25; Squirrels $2 00@2 25.

HAY—Held at $22 on levee; $21 from store.

HIDES—Green 8@9c; Salt 10@11c; Dry Salt 10c; Dry Flint 21c; Deer Skins, green, 12½@16c; dry 20@25c.

HOGS—Live Hogs 8@9c and rather scarce. Dressed 10½@11c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand with light demand. Selling at 9@9½c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Light stock. City rendered in kegs 18½@19c; tierces 17@17½c. Country in tierces 16c; cans 17c.

LIME—Cape and Alabama, $2@2 25; outside brands, $1 75@2.

MESS PORK—Demand light and stock moderate. Selling by gray load at $35 00. Single barrel $35@36.

MOLASSES—The market is firm and demand active. Common to choice Louisiana in barrels 78@85c; in half bbls 80@90c; in kegs 85@90c.

MACKEREL—In good demand. No. 1, in kits $2 75@3 75; No. 2, $2 40@2 50; No. 3, $2 10@2 20.

NAILS—Large stock. Rates $5@5 25.

ONIONS—Choice are firm at $6 per barrel.

ORANGES—Firm and in good demand at $15 per box.

OATS—Fair stock. Held at 65@65c on levee. 67@70c in store.

OILS—Coal Oil, 35@38c; Lard Oil, $1 30@1 50; Lubricating Oils, 60@70c.

POULTRY—Supply is moderate. Turkeys in demand at $1@2 25; Geese $7 50@8; Ducks $4@5; Chickens $4@5 50.

POTATOES—The market is dull and stock large. In lots on levee $2 75@3 25. From store $3@3 50; in sacks, per bushel, 90@$1. Sweet Potatoes 60@75c per bushel.

PIGS' FEET—Kegs, $2 25@2 50; half barrels, $1 25@1 50; barrels, $2@2 12.

RICE—Fair stock. New Carolina, 11@12c. Louisiana, 9@10c.

ROPE—No demand—nominally 7@8c per lb.

SUGARS—Market very firm and demand active. We quote Common 8½@9c; Fair 11@12c; Fully Fair 13@14c; Yellow Clarified 14@15c; White Clarified 15@16c.

SALT—Very good stock. Barre's in lots on levee $3 20; from store $3 50@3 75. In sacks, coarse, $1 50@2 75; fine, $2 75 on landing; $3 from store.

SHEEP—Very little demand. Held at $2@5 per head. Dressed, 5@6c.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@6.

TOBACCO—The stock of Manufactured Tobaccos is large, and prices steady with good demand.

TALLOW—10@11c. Fair receipts.

WHISKY—Market firm and active. We quote Highwines, $1 06@1 07; Proof Whisky, $1 12½@1 18; Common, 80@95c; Domestic Bourbon, $1 00@1 15; Bourbon, $1 05@3. A sale of 50 bbls. Highwines was reported to-day at $1.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 28—Flour unchanged; family $7 50@8. Wheat $1 75. Corn 62@66c. Rye $1 35. Oats 59c. Cotton 25½c. Whisky $1. Mess pork $25 50. Bulk meats 11, 13½ and 14½c. Lard 17½c. Green meats 10, 12½ and 14½. Butter 36@40c. Eggs 32@33c. Coffee steady.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, December 28.—Tobacco unchanged; Superfine flour $5@6 75. Wheat $2@2 20. Corn 58@60c. Oats 55c. Pork $27 50. Bulk meats and lard dull and nothing doing. Whisky 98c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, December 28.—Cotton 23c. Hogs 9@9½c gross. Mess pork $33. Bacon—clear rib sides 17½c. Bulk Meats—Shoulders 13½c; clear ribbed sides 15c; choice 15c; clear sides 16½c. Packed fancy bacon hams 19½c. Lard, prime tierces 18c. Raw whisky $1. Superfine flour $5 50@6 00. Wheat $1 80@1 90. Oats 58@60c. Corn 90c. Rye $1 40.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, December 26.—Cotton stiffer, Middling 23c. Sales 800 bales; receipts, 191; exports 1067. Gold 35¾. Sterling 47. Commercial 43½@44¾. New York sight ¼ discount. Flour very firm. Low grades scarce. Superfine $7 50; double, $7½@7¾; treble, $8@8 50. Corn easier, 78c. Oats, none on landing, 70c asked. Bran dull, $1 40. Hay, prime, $-.-. Pork dull; nominally $33 75@39. Bacon shoulders 14@14½c; clear rib 18½c; clear 19½c; hams 17@18c. Lard, choice, 18½c; keg 19c. Sugar and molasses active and firm. Common sugar 9¼@9½; prime 10½@10¾; yellow clarified 12½@12¾c. Common and seconds 14@15c; prime 15@16c; choice 16@16c. Western rectified whisky steady; $1 17@1 20. Coffee quiet; fair 14½@15½c; prime 16½@17c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 28.—Cotton sales 1200 bales at 25c for middling uplands. Flour, super fine, $5 95@6 50. Whisky, $1. Wheat, $1 63. Coffee quiet. Sugar, Cuba, 11¾@11¾c. Rice, 9@9½c. Gold, 34¾@35. Old Tennessee, 80@90c; new, 68c.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. R. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignment. sep4

R. A. MOON,

Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,

282 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale* on commissions. Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.

sep22 dawlm R. A. MOON.

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL.

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers, Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 9 UNION STREET,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

FOSTER, CWYN & CO.,

No. 39 Water Street, New York,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

☞ The undersigned will make liberal advances on shipments Cotton to the above firm.

WM. A. GWYN,

nov29 1m No. 310 Front Street.

RALPH WORMELEY,

(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)

COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.

sep22 RALPH WORMELEY.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
General Superintendent.

oc2

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Memphis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight daily, except Sunday	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. F. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aul6

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m
Through Express	11:10 p.m.	9:00 p.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)

Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at ..... 5:05 a.m.

Grand Junction Accommodation, daily (except Sund'y's) leaves at ..... 12:40 p.m. 5:05 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Somerville Accommodation (except Sunday) leaves at ..... 12:40 p.m. 5:05 a.m. 4:15 p.m

Railroad Time is 30 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 275 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	5:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	3:15 p.m.	6:25 a.m
" City time	2:55 p.m.	

BROWNSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time	4:30 p.m
" City time	4:10 p.m
Arrive	9:30 a.m

Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

It has been moist and foggy since Saturday night, and bad weather for steamboats. Night travel is out of the question, and even in daylight it is dangerous. The river at this point is falling very slowly. The Kansas at last report was falling, with forty inches in the channel. White river had five feet to Jacksonport on Friday, and falling. Navigation is closed by ice above Cairo on the Mississippi, and above Louisville on the Ohio. Heavy ice comes out of the Mississippi at Cairo, and within a day or two we may look for ice at this point.

Arrivals.

Steamer Pauline Carroll, St. Louis.
" Columbian, "
" Indiana, New Orleans.

Departures.

Steamer Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" Columbian, "
" Indiana, Louisville.

In Port.

Steamers Commercial, Argonaut, Silver Cloud, Armadillo, Coosa, and Argosy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Things about the levee looked sickly yesterday. A heavy fog enveloped the river most of the day, and the mud was almost deep enough to swim in. River men were all at church, or at Kinney's Shed, where a prayer meeting is held every Sunday.

The Argosy, Capt. Tom Berry, leaves to-day in place of the Ozark for all points on the Arkansas to Little Rock. She is the U. S. mail packet. Mr. Ed. Dutton is her chief clerk.

The Luminary, Capt. Bob Riley, with J. Lee Finney in the office, passes down to-day for Vicksburg and the bends.

The Des Arc, Capt. Elliott, backs out to-day for all points on White river. She is the independent packet, and connects with the Argos for all points above. Elliott and Glass are her clerks, and are popular, care'ul and attentive to the wants of travelers.

The Mary Houston, Capt. Dunham's new packet, will pass down for New Orleans this morning. She is said to be one of the finest boats ever built upon the Ohio, and was especially constructed for a Louisville and New Orleans packet. As this is her first trip, she will create some excitement along the river.

The Louisville, Richmond, Mississippi and W. R. Arthur are due from below.

The fine steamer Mississippi, Capt. Nat. Green, will be in port to leave for New Orleans on Wednesday next.

The handsome Natoma, Capt. Jim Lee, will leave to-morrow for Friar's Point and all way landings. She is one of our finest local packets. Filds and Whitehead are her popular clerks.

The Myrtle, Capt. Wm. Hardwick, with Frank Gonterman in the office, leaves to-morrow for Hale's Point and the bends.

Capt. John Edson will back out the U. S. mail steamer Liberty for all points on White river to morrow at her regular hour.

The Thompson Dean, Capt. Pepper, will pass down to-day for New Orleans.

The Coosa, Capt. Gus Brown, backs out at 5 p.m. to-day for Cairo and Evansville. She will go through without trouble.

The Argonaut, Capt. Everhart, leaves to-day promptly for Cairo and Louisville. She wants 1000 bales of cotton.

The Darling, Capt. Carter, will be in port to leave for Cincinnati, on Wednesday.

The Commercial leaves to-day for Augusta and way points on White river. She will hereafter be the regular Monday packet. This gives us three boats in the Packet Company, which we are rejoiced to see prospering. The Commercial will make all the connections made by the Mayflower and Liberty, and with a special train from Devall's Bluff to Little Rock. Capt. Jim Rice will command, and Jimmy Thompson, with Alick Waddell will occupy the office.

The Argosy has, we learn, been chartered for sixty days by the Arkansas River Packet Company.

The Ozark has been due some time from Little Rock. It was stated on the streets yesterday that she had "run through herself" at some point on the Arkansas.

Capt. Larry Harmstad has been appointed Freight Agent of the Little Miami Railroad, and on the 1st of January will assume the duties of that position in connection with his Steamboat Agency. It is a good appointment.

The Jonas Powell is advertised for sale by the United States Marshal of West Virginia. She will be sold on the 1st day of January, 1869, at Pt. Pleasant.

The Underwriters of Cincinnati and the officers of the mail line have had another meeting. The Underwriters do not admit or deny their liability in the matter of the United States and America, but are consulting lawyers on the subject. Of course there will be an interminable lawsuit.

We will probably, at no distant day, see steamers plying the river with immense lenses in their chimneys to concentrate heat instead of for the escape of smoke. John Cannon's new boat will be built on this principle.

265 MAIN ST., COR. COURT.

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)

JEWELERS,

HAVE IN STORE AN

UNEQUALED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

PLATED WARES

OF THE BEST

AMERICAN & ENGLISH MANUFACTURE

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

265 Main Street.

de17 1m

S. STERNBERG & CO.,

Removed from 334 Front,

To 200 Front.

☞ Wholesale dealers in TOBACCO AND CIGARS. nov15 tf

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Line. For New Orleans.

MARY HOUSTON.....L. B. Dunham master

This splendid low pressure passenger packet will leave as above, THIS DAY, 28th inst., at 10 a.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, No. 7¾ Madison street.

d-28 1t

For New Orleans, Vicksburg, Natchez and the Bends.

THOMPSON DEAN.....Pepper master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above THIS DAY, 28th inst., at 10 a.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, 7¾ Madison street.

d-28 1t

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet MISSISSIPPI.....Green master

This fine passenger steamer will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, 7¾ Madison street.

de27 4t

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet MISSISSIPPI.....Green, Master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 291 Front street.

de27 4t

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet MISSISSIPPI.....N. S. Green, Master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave as above WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to MART WALT & CO., Agents, 274 F ont street.

de27 4t

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet. DES ARC.....John D. Elliott master

This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents. de27 2t Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Co COMMERCIAL.....James Rice master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to LEVY & SHARPE, Agents. de27 2t 291 Front street.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co LIBERTY No. 2.....Edson master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above, TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de27 2t Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co LIBERTY No. 2.....Edson master

This splendid low pressure passenger packet will leave as above, THIS DAY, 28th inst., at 10 a.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de28 1t No. 7¾ Madison street.

For New Orleans, Vicksburg, Natchez and the Bends.

THOMPSON DEAN.....Pepper master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above, THIS DAY, 28th inst., at 10 a.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de28 1t 7¾ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet MISSISSIPPI.....Green master

This splendid freight steamer will leave as above on WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight only apply to LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de27 4t 7¾ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet MISSISSIPPI.....R. S. Yerkes master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de28 2t 7¾ Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet. CUBA S.....R. S. Yerkes master

This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above, on TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de28 2t 7¾ Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet. United States Mail.

ARGOSY.....Tom Berry master

This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

T. A. KENDIG, Agent. de25 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet. CUBA S.....R. S. Yerkes master

This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de28 2t 7¾ Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet. United States Mail.

ARGOSY.....Tom Berry master

This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

T. A. KENDIG, Agent. de25 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Louisville Packet. For Cairo, Evansville and Louisville.

ARGONAUT, No. 2.....Gus Everhart master

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de27 2t 7¾ Madison street.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg U. S. Mail Packet—For Vicksburg.

LUMINARY.....Riley master

This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above MONDAY, 28th inst., at 10 a.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, de27 2t No. 7¾ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company. For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

DARLING.....Carter master

This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave WEDNESDAY, 30th inst., at 5 p.m.

JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents, de28 3t No. 12 Jefferson street.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet—For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.

SILVER CLOUD, No. 2.....Conway master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave MONDAY, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, de27 2t No. 290 Front street.

FOR CINCINNATI

AND WAY POINTS.

STEAMER

SILVER CLOUD

CONWAY, - - MASTER.

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above

Monday, 28th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE,

de27 2t 296 Front street.

FOR FRIAR'S POINT.

Regular Memphis and Friar's Point Packet—For Helena and Friar's Point.

NATOMA.....James Lee master

This elegant passenger packet will leave TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 5 p.m.

ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents, de26 2t Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

Regular White, Black and Current River Packet.

LADY WITHAUP.....Capt. Chas. Beers

Bid H. Humphrey, Clerk.

THIS packet will make Weekly Trips from Jacksonport, Ark., up Black river to Pocahontas and Poplar Bluff, and up Current river to Doniphan. She will make close connections at Jacksonport with the

Steamer Des Arc Every Saturday.

Shippers and passengers may rely on her punctuality. de8 1m

FOR HALE'S POINT.

Memphis and Hale's Point Packet.

For Randolph, Fulton, Osceola and Hale's Point.

The Sidewheel Passenger Packet MYRTLE.....Captain W. C. Hardwick

WILL leave Memphis as above every Tuesday and Saturday, commencing Wednesday, November 25th, and will remain permanently in the trade, and by strict attention to business trusts to receive the patronage of shippers.

For freight or passage apply on board or to VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents, 254 Front street.

nov22 tf MART WALT & CO., Agents, No. 272 Front street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Wiltsburg and St. Francis River.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and EV. RY TUESDAY THEREAFTER.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, nov19 tf No. 7¾ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.

HENRY AMES.....Geo. W. Boyd, Master

J. S. Sedam, Clerk.

THIS splendid steamer will enter the trade as a regular SATURDAY PACKET, leaving Memphis

Saturday, November 28, at 5 p.m.,

And every alternate Saturday thereafter throughout the season.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, No. 7¾ Madison street.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 291 Front street.

nov14 tf

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER GEORGE W. CHEEK leaves Memphis every day for Mound City at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2½ and 4½ p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., and 1¾ and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

jy11 MARK B. CHEEK, Master.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by F. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	2:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)		
Arrive at	12:30 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
" Indianapolis	12:05 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	6:00 p.m.
" Cleveland	8:30 p.m.	11:50 p.m.
" Toledo	6:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:00 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	2:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 , ght.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 3:15 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 227½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep13

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk-S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents, No. 272 Front street.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 290 Front Row.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, au12 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m. and Devall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.

The Liberty, No. 2, and Mayflower will make close connections at the mouth of White river with the steamer Guidon for Pine Bluff. Fare to Pine Bluff, $12 00; Freight, 50 cents per 100 pounds.

The steamers Economist and Hamilton will run between Little Rock and Fort Smith in connection with this line and the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Through receipts given for freight to all points between Little Rock and Fort Smith.

Insurance one-half per cent. LESS by this route than any other.

JOHN R. DAVIS, Superintendent.

oc29 1f LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 290 Front Row.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER Packet Comp'y.

THE elegant passenger packet THOMAS H. ALLEN, built expressly for this Company, has now taken her place in the line, and hereafter the following boats will leave Memphis as heretofore.

Mondays & Thursdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

And returning, leave Little Rock MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 o'clock a.m.

THOMAS H. ALLEN.....Reese Pritchard, Master

W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Rained, Master

OZARK.....R. L. Bisadell, Master

Connecting at Little Rock with the Company's new and light-draught packets for Fort Smith. Close connections made both ways.

AMERICAN.....Jno. W. Williams, Master

FORT SMITH.....James Bowlin, Master

VAN BUREN.....Jos. Bencelt, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for this trade, and are perfectly well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by this line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their cargoes consigned to "Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company," at Mem